

Interpretations and Definitions



Contents

1	General Interpretation	5
2	Responsibility for Persons who are not Parties	6
3	Definitions	7



SCHEDULE 1

Interpretations and Definitions Schedule

Version: 5.1 Effective Date: 19 July 2024

Domestic Suppliers	Mandatory
Non-Domestic Suppliers	Mandatory
Gas Transporters	Mandatory
<u>Distribution Network Operators</u>	Mandatory
DCC	Mandatory
Metering Equipment Managers	Mandatory
Non-Party REC Service Users	Mandatory
Approved Meter Installers	Mandatory
Electricity Metering Operatives	Mandatory

Change History

Version	Implementation Date	Reason for Change		
Number				
0.1	N/A	Version agreed for industry consultation 5 June 2018		
0.2	N/A	Version agreed for industry consultation 15 October 2018		
0.3	N/A	Updated for June 2019 consultation		
0.4	N/A	Updated for July 2020 consultation		
0.5	N/A	Updated for December 2020 consultation		
0.6	N/A	Updated to address consultation responses and logical		
		analysis output May 2021		
2.0	1 September 2021	Capturing further revisions as part of CR-D099		
2.2	31 January 2022	R0012		
2.3 14 April 2022 R0028 R0034		R0028		
		R0034		
2.4	30 June 2022	R0035		
		Switching SCR Modification		
3.0	18 July 2022	R0041		
		R0045		
3.1	3 August 2022	R0046A		
3.2	4 November 2022	R0018, R0033, R0036, R0054		
4.0	01 April 2023	R0047, R0025, R0073, R0091		
4.1	30 June 2023	R0114, R0021, R0101		
4.2	03 November 2023	R0059, R0140		
4.3	06 December 2023	R0067		



4.4	28 March 2024	R0147, R0093
5.0	28 June 2024	R0070, R0043, R0064
5.1	19 July 2024	R0167



1 General Interpretation

- 1.1. In this <u>Code</u>, unless the context requires otherwise, any reference to:
 - (a) a "person" includes a reference to an individual, a body corporate, an association, a partnership or a Competent Authority;
 - (b) the singular includes the plural, and vice versa;
 - (c) a gender includes every gender;
 - (d) a Clause is a reference to the clause of the main body of this <u>Code</u> which bears the relevant number;
 - (e) a Paragraph is a reference to the paragraph of the <u>REC Schedule</u> in which such reference occurs;
 - (f) a Condition is a reference to a licence condition in an Energy Licence (and, where applicable, is a reference to the standard licence conditions of that Energy Licence);
 - (g) writing (or similar) includes all methods of reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form (including email);
 - (h) a document includes spreadsheets, models, digital repositories, and other graphical and/or lexical representations of data;
 - (i) a day, week or month is a reference (respectively) to a calendar day, a week starting on a Monday, or a calendar month;
 - (j) a time is a reference to that time in the UK;
 - (k) any statute or statutory provision includes any subordinate legislation made under it, any provision which it has modified or re-enacted, and any provision which subsequently supersedes or re-enacts it (with or without modification);
 - (I) an agreement, code, licence or other document is to such agreement, code, licence or other document as amended, supplemented, novated or replaced from time to time;
 - (m) a <u>Party</u> shall include reference to that <u>Party</u>'s respective successors, and (as the context permits) reference to the respective persons to whom that <u>Party</u> may sub-contract or otherwise delegate its rights and/or obligations under this <u>Code</u>;



- (n) any <u>Systems</u> of a person shall include references to the <u>Systems</u> of that person's service providers and contractors to the extent relevant to this <u>Code</u>;
- (o) any premises of a <u>Party</u> shall include references to any premises owned or occupied by that <u>Party</u> and (as the context permits) by the respective persons to whom that <u>Party</u> may sub-contract or otherwise delegate its rights and/or obligations under this <u>Code</u>; and
- (p) a <u>Competent Authority</u> or other public organisation includes a reference to its successors, or to any organisation to which some or all of its functions and responsibilities have been transferred.
- 1.2. The headings in this <u>Code</u> are for ease of reference only and shall not affect its interpretation.
- 1.3. In this <u>Code</u>, the words "include", "including" and "in particular" are to be construed without limitation to the generality of the preceding words.
- 1.4. Except where expressly stated to the contrary, in the event of any conflict between the provisions of this <u>Code</u>, the following order of precedence shall apply: (a) the main body of this Agreement; (b) then the <u>REC Schedules</u>; and (c) then the <u>Technical Specification</u>.
- 1.5. Where no time period is specified for performance of any obligation under this <u>Code</u>, the obligation shall be performed as soon as reasonably practicable.

2 Responsibility for Persons who are not Parties

- 2.1. Neither the <u>Gas Retail Data Agent</u> nor the <u>CDSP</u> is a <u>Party</u> under this <u>Code</u>. Where this <u>Code</u> places an obligation on the <u>Gas Retail Data Agent</u> or the <u>CDSP</u>, each <u>Gas Transporter</u> shall ensure that the <u>Gas Retail Data Agent/CDSP</u> shall comply with the obligations expressed to be placed on the <u>Gas Retail Data Agent</u> or <u>CDSP</u>. Each <u>Gas Transporter</u> shall be jointly and severally liable for any failure by the <u>Gas Retail Data Agent/CDSP</u> to comply with the obligations expressed to be placed on the <u>Gas Retail Data Agent</u> or the <u>CDSP</u> under this <u>Code</u>.
- 2.2. The <u>Electricity Retail Data Agents</u> are not <u>Parties</u> under this <u>Code</u>. Where this <u>Code</u> places an obligation on an <u>Electricity Retail Data Agent</u>, each <u>Distribution Network Operator</u> shall ensure that its <u>Electricity Retail Data Agent</u> shall comply with the obligations expressed to be placed on an <u>Electricity Retail Data Agent</u>. Where an <u>Electricity Retail Data Agent</u> acts for more than one <u>Distribution Network Operator</u>, each such <u>Distribution Network Operator</u> shall be jointly and severally liable for any failure by such <u>Electricity Retail Data Agent</u> to comply with the obligations expressed to be placed on the <u>Electricity Retail Data Agent</u>s under this <u>Code</u>.



- 2.3. The <u>REC Service Providers</u> (other than the <u>DCC</u> in its role as provider of the <u>Centralised Registration Service</u>) are not a <u>Party</u> under this <u>Code</u>. Where this <u>Code</u> places an obligation on a <u>REC Service Provider</u> (other than the <u>DCC</u>), <u>RECCo</u> shall ensure that the <u>REC Service Provider</u> shall comply with such obligations.
- 2.4. With the exception of Meter Agents, Meter Agents, Meter Asset Provider are not obliged to become Parties under this Code, but do have a role in respect of the Transition Schedule. Where this Code places an obligation on one or more Supplier Agents (other than Meter Asset Providers or Shippers under or in relation to the Transition Schedule, then:
 - (a) in the case of obligations which apply by reference to a particular RMP, the Registered Supplier for that RMP shall ensure that the Shipper, Supplier Agents and Meter Asset Provider registered in respect of that RMP perform those obligations; and
 - (b) in the case of obligations which apply without reference to a particular RMP, each Energy Supplier shall ensure that the Shippers, Supplier Agents and Meter Asset Providers registered in respect of any or all the RMPs for which the Energy Supplier is the Registered Supplier at the relevant time perform those obligations.
- 2.5. In the case of Non-Party REC Service Users, any rights and obligations in respect of this Code arise under that Non-Party REC Service User's Access Agreement.

3 Definitions

3.1. In this <u>Code</u>, unless the context requires otherwise, the following words shall have the following meanings:

Term	Acronym	Definition
Access Agreement		means an agreement in the form set out in Appendix 1 to the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule, by which an organisation that is not a Party can
		access REC Services.
Accession Agreement		means an agreement by which a Party (other than the Original Parties) agrees to be bound by this Code, in the form set out in the Accession Agreement Schedule.
Accession Agreement Schedule		means REC Schedule 3.
Accreditation		means the process by which each



	Meter Asset Manager, Meter Operator Agent, Approved Meter Installer, Electricity Metering Operator and AMR Service Provider is recognised as fulfilling the requirements of the CoMCoP which are applicable to their role, which may include an audit process in accordance with the Metering Accreditation Schedule. "Accredited" and similar expressions shall be interpreted accordingly.
Active	means the Registration Status as described in Paragraph 1.4 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Actual Meter Reading	means a meter reading obtained by inspection by the Energy Supplier (or its Supplier Agent or other contractor) or via a remote meter reading (including via a Smart Meter).
Address Management Schedule	means REC Schedule 29.
Address Management Service	means the component of the Central Switching Service which undertakes activities to identify and maintain a matching REL Address for each RMP as further described in the Address Management Schedule.
Address Quality Confidence Score	means a value assigned to each REL Address by the CSS Provider as an indicator of the CSS Provider's confidence that the REL Address accurately identifies the Location.
Address Quality Objective	means the objective of the CSS Provider in providing the Address Service, as described in paragraph 2 of the Address Management Schedule.
Address Selection Method	means for each REL Address, the data source from which the REL Address was derived.
Advanced Meter	has the meaning given to it in the Gas Supply Licence (for gas) or the Electricity Supply Licence (for electricity).



Affected Party		means a Party which is unable to carry out its obligations under this Code due to circumstance of Force Majeure.
Affiliate		means, in relation to a person, any group undertaking of that person from time to time (and the expression "group undertaking" shall have the meaning given to that expression in section 1161 of the Companies Act 2006).
Algorithm		means, in respect of the Data Access Schedule and related Service Definition, a matching routine performed by the EES Provider.
Alliance Register		means the register of that name which records commercial and regulatory associations based on data recorded by the Gas Retail Data Service or the Electricity Retail Data Service.
Alt HAN Company	ALTHANCo	means the company established in accordance with Section Z2 of the Smart Energy Code.
Alternative Change Proposal		means, in respect of a Change Proposal, an alternative proposal raised in relation to that Change Proposal in accordance with Paragraph 17 of the Change Management Schedule.
Alternative Display		means an alternative to an In-Home Display which may be and/or is (as the case may be) provided by the Energy Supplier to the Consumer in accordance with an Alternative Display Direction.
Alternative Display Direction		means a direction given by the Secretary of State to Electricity Suppliers under Condition 40.10 of the Electricity Supply Licences or Condition 34.12 of the Gas Supply Licences (as the case may be).
AMR Device		means a device incorporating AMR Technology which is not integrated within a utility meter.



AMR Manufacturer		means the party manufacturing the AMR Technology.
AMR Service Provider	ASP	means a business or organisation that offers provision of consumption data from a utility meter collected through an AMR system to a number of parties including Consumers, Shippers, Energy Suppliers, Gas Transporters, DNOs, energy brokers and energy management companies.
AMR Technology		means the technology used to facilitate Automated Meter Reading.
Annual Performance Assurance Report		means the annual report of that name to be prepared by the Code Manager, as described in the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Annual Quantity		has the meaning given to it in the UNC.
Annual Statement		means the annual statement required under Paragraph 11 of the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
Annulled		means that a Registration has been annulled by the Losing Supplier pursuant to an Annulment Request. "Annulment" and similar expressions shall be interpreted accordingly.
Annulment Request		means the Registration Service Request from the Losing Supplier to terminate the progress of a Registration in accordance with Paragraph 10 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Appointed		means, in respect of a Supplier Agent and for a particular RMP, that the Supplier Agent is recorded against that RMP under this Code (or the BSC or UNC, as applicable); or, in respect of a period of time, that the Supplier Agent is or was so recorded during that period. "Appoint" and "Appointment" shall be interpreted accordingly.
Appointed Responsible Office	r ARO	relates to the management of CSS



		security certificates, and has the meaning given in the Central Switching Service Schedule.
Approved Meter Installer	AMI	means a Party which is approved (or which is seeking approval) as such under the Metering Accreditation Schedule, being the entity, which undertakes the installation, replacement, repair and maintenance of gas Metering Equipment.
Associated Supplier		means, in respect of a problem under the Resolution of Consumer-Facing Switching and Billing Problems Schedule, each of the Energy Suppliers to which the Initiating Supplier sent an Initial Request.
Authorised Person		means, in respect of each REC Service User, one of its employees, agents, consultants or contractors.
Authority	GEMA	means the Gas and Electricity Markets Authority as established under section 1 of the Utilities Act 2000.
Authority Change Proposal		means a Change Proposal submitted by the Authority, or a Party acting at the direction of the Authority pursuant to a Significant Code Review.
Authority-Approved Change		means a Change Proposal which satisfies one or more of the criteria set out in Paragraph 9 of the Change Management Schedule.
Automated Meter Reading	AMR	means the process of automatically collecting data from a utility meter not defined as a Smart Meter. The term AMR can refer to various types of technical solution and communication means and can support various meter read periods.
Automated Meter Reading Service Provider		means a person or persons that are approved, or are seeking approval, in accordance with the Metering Accreditation Schedule to offer services relating to the provision of consumption data from a utility meter collected through an AMR system.



Automated Meter Reading Service Providers Code of Practice for Gas Meter	ASPCoP	means the AMR metering code of practice that has now been incorporated into the CoMCoP, and references to ' Automated Meter Reading Service Providers Code of Practice for Gas Meter' or 'ASPCoP' should be read as references to the CoMCoP.
Average Fraction of Yearly Consumption		has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Backstop Date		means the date by reference to which an Unallocated Transaction becomes an Unallocatable Transaction, being on 1 July of any year, the date three (3) years previous, such that all Unallocated Transactions relating to the period prior to that date become Unallocatable Transactions (or any other more recent Backstop Date determined by the Code Manager).
Balancing and Settlement Code	BSC	means the Balancing and Settlement Code, as defined in the Electricity Supply Licences.
Balancing and Settlement Code Company	BSCCo	means the company defined as such in the Balancing and Settlement Code.
Base Amount		has the meaning given in Paragraph 22.1 of the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.
BSC Metering Code(s) of Practice	BSC CoP	means BSC Codes of Practice 1-10 (inclusive).
BSC Metering Code of Practice 1	CoP1	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Circuits with a Rated Capacity Exceeding 100MVA for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 2	CoP2	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Circuits with a Rated Capacity not exceeding 100MVA for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 3	CoP3	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Circuits with a Rated



		Capacity not exceeding 10MVA for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 4	CoP4	means, the Code of Practice for the Calibration, Testing and Commissioning Requirements of Metering Equipment for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 5	CoP5	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Energy Transfers with a Maximum Demand of up to (and including) 1MW for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 6	CoP6	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Energy Imports via Low Voltage Circuits Fused at 100 AMPS or Less per Phase for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 7	CoP7	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Energy Imports via Low Voltage Circuits Fused at 100 AMPS or Less per Phase for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 8	CoP8	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Import Active via Low Voltage Circuits for Non-Half Hourly Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Metering Code of Practice 9	CoP9	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Import and Export Active Energy via Low Voltage Circuits for Non-Half Hourly Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.



BSC Metering Code of Practice 10	CoP10	means, the Code of Practice for the Metering of Energy via Low Voltage Circuits for Settlement Purposes, established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Procedure(s)	BSCP(s)	means the document of that title as established or adopted in accordance with the Balancing and Settlement Code.
BSC Technical Assurance Agent		means the agent with that role as defined in the BSC
Calorific Value	CV	means the amount of energy released when a known volume of gas is completely combusted under specified conditions.
Cancelled		means the Registration Status as described in Paragraph 1.4 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Category 3 Product		refers to the operational documents and RECCo guidance which are required to support, but do not place obligations upon, market participants and as such will be maintained by the Responsible Provider.
Category 3 Change Proposal		means the document of that name published on the REC Portal by the Code Manager.
CDSP Further Services	CDSP FS	means the service provided by the CDSP in accordance with the document that forms part of the Technical Specification describing the Central Data Service Provider Further Services.
Central Data Service		means the service provided in gas by the CDSP.
Central Data Service Provider	CDSP	means the 'Central Data Service Provider' appointed by Gas Transporters pursuant to standard special condition A15 (Central Data Service Provider) of the Gas Transporter Licences.
Central Gas Register		means the register of Supply Meter Points maintained by the CDSP.
Central Metering Registration	CMRS	has the meaning given to that



Service		expression in the BSC.
Central Switching Service	CSS	means the Systems and processes provided or procured by the CSS Provider for the purpose of providing the Address Management Service and the Registration Service.
Central Switching Service Schedule	CSS Schedule	means REC Schedule 25
Centralised Registration Service	CRS	means the services provided pursuant to Condition 15 (Incorporation, delivery and provision of the Centralised Registration Service) of the DCC Licence, being the services provided under this Code by the CSS Provider, Switching Operator, CSS Certificate Authority and, until the end of the Post Implementation Period only, the Core Systems Assurance Provider and the CSS Systems Integrator.
Certificate Revocation List		means the list of revoked security certificates maintained by the CSS Certificate Authority.
Certificate Revocation Request		means a request made to the CSS Certificate Authority to revoke an organisation's CSS security certificate.
Certificate Signing Request		means a security certificate signing request made to the CSS Certificate Authority.
Change Management Schedule		means REC Schedule 5.
Change of Domestic Premises Indicator Request		means a Registration Event Request to change the Domestic Premises Indicator recorded for an RMP in accordance with Paragraph 16 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Change of Metering Assets		means the installation, removal and/or exchange of a Metering Asset for an RMP.
Change of Occupier		means that the Consumer at a premises has changed (or is due to change).
Change of Shipper Request		means a Registration Event Request to change the Shipper recorded for an



1	RMP in accordance with Paragraph
	15 of the Registration Services
	Schedule.
Change or Incident	means the document of that name
Notification	made available on the REC Portal to
	disclose to the Code Manager other
	than through an Annual Statement of
	a REC Service User's intention to
	change their systems or processes,
	as required under the Qualification
	and Maintenance Schedule.
Change Panel	means the Sub-Committee of that
	name.
Change Path	means one of the two change paths
	followed by a Change Proposal, being
	either an Authority-Approved Change
	or a Self-Governance Change.
Change Proposal	means a proposal to change this
	Code made in accordance with
	Clause 11 of the main body of this
	Code or the Change Management
	Schedule.
Change Proposal Plan	means, in respect of a Change
	Proposal, a plan produced in
	accordance with Paragraph 9 of the
	Change Management Schedule.
Change Register	means the register established and
	maintained by the Code Manager
	which contains all current and past
	Change Proposals, as further
	described in Paragraph 4 of the
	Change Management Schedule.
Change Report	means the written report on a Change
	Proposal prepared by the Code
	Manager in accordance with the
	Change Management Schedule.
Charges for the Supply of	has the meaning given in the
Electricity	Electricity Supply Licences.
Closed Cash Report	means a report which identifies
	instances where a Supplier has
	submitted a PP09 but no PP01 has
	been received by the PPMIP resulting
	in an Unallocated Transaction (in a
	reasonable format determined by the
	PPMIP).



Code		means this Retail Energy Code, including its REC Schedules and the Technical Specification.
Code Administration Code of Practice		means the document of that name as approved by the Authority from time to time.
Code Administration Code of Practice Principles		means the principles set out as such in the Code Administration Code of Practice.
Code Manager		means the person described in Clause 7 of the main body of this Code.
Code of Practice for Gas Metering Equipment Managers and Approved Meter Installers	MCoP	means the gas metering code of practice that has now been incorporated into the CoMCoP, and references to 'Code of Practice for Gas Metering Equipment Managers and Approved Meter Installers' or 'MCoP' should be read as references to the CoMCoP.
Commercial Alliance		means the association between two or more Market Participants, as defined in the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Communications Equipment		is part of a Metering Asset, and has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Communications Hub		means a device installed at a Retail Energy Location with one or more Smart Meters whose purpose is to manage communications to and from the meters, as further described in the Smart Energy Code.
Company Governance Schedule		means REC Schedule 4.
Competent Authority		means the Authority, and any local, regional, national or supra-national agency, authority, department, inspectorate, minister, ministry, official or public or statutory person having (in each case) jurisdiction over the relevant Party, this Code or its subject matter.
Competent Person		for the purpose of any of the CoMCoP, means an individual having



	the appropriate training, assessment and certification to supervise or carry out the "work" being undertaken in a safe and proper manner.
Complex Debt	means: (a) debts in relation to a Consumer account into which a suspected Misdirected Payment has been made or into which a Misdirected Payment claim has been submitted but not confirmed; (b) a debt for which a repayment rate is not currently set on the Prepayment Meter; or (c) any other reason which the Losing Supplier reasonably considers to be 'complex'.
Complex Site	has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Complex Site Supplementary Form Information	means the form set out in Appendix 2 of the Metering Operations Schedule that is sent in addition to the meter Technical Details for a Complex Site
Complex Site Validation Test	means the processes set out in Paragraph 20.15 of the Metering Operations Schedule.
Confidential Information	means, in relation to a REC Service Provider or REC Service User, all data or other information supplied or otherwise made available by that REC Service Provider or REC Service User under or pursuant to this Code.
Confirmed	means the Registration Status as described in Paragraph 1.4 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Confirmed Energy Theft	means that the holder of an Energy Licence (or person acting on their behalf) reasonably determines that, on the balance of probabilities and taking into account all of the evidence then available, one or more instances of Energy Theft has occurred. Such a determination may not be made unless sufficient evidence is held to



		substantiate the occurrence of Energy Theft, including (as a minimum): (a) an indication of theft via a desktop review of consumption levels; and (b) a report of a site visit where access was successful; and (c) photographic (or sketch) evidence of the theft, including illegal connection/bypass or meter tampering.
Connection and Disconnection Regulations	C&D Regulations	means the Gas Meter (Information on Connection and Disconnection) Regulations 1996.
Consolidated Metering Code of Practice	CoMCoP	means the code of practice forming part of this Code against which Meter Asset Managers, Meter Operator Agents, Approved Meter Installers, Electricity Metering Operators and AMR Service Providers are assessed pursuant to the Metering Accreditation Schedule.
Consumer		means any person supplied (or seeking a supply) of Energy at an RMP (whether or not that person also exports or is seeking to export electricity at an RMP).
Consumer Contact Data		is defined in the Data Specification.
Consumer Representative		means the individual (if any) from time to time notified to the Code Manager by Citizens Advice, or (in the absence of the same) any individual as may be notified to the Code Manager by the Authority.
Consumer Service Returner		means a Consumer which the Gaining Supplier agrees to return to the Losing Supplier on a goodwill basis, where there was not an Erroneous Switch.
Contract Manager		means, for each Party, the individual appointed as such from time to time under Clause 24 of the main body of this Code.
Controlled Market Entry Conditions	CMEC	means the conditions that apply during an initial period of market participation, as determined by the Code Manager in accordance with the



		Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
Converter		means a device used to convert measured gas volume from metering
		conditions (of temperature, pressure and compressibility) to the standard
		conditions used for gas billing
Converter Model Table		means the market data associated
		with Convertors as set out in the Data
		Specification.
Coordinated Universal Time	UTC	means the time standard of that name
		based on mean solar time at zero
		degrees longitude.
Core Systems Assurance		means the Systems assurance
Provider		function provided or procured by the
		CRS Provider.
Core Systems Assurance		means the document or documents
Requirements		produced by the CRS Provider, as
		amended from time to time in
		accordance with the procedure for its
		amendment developed under the
		Switching Programme.
Corrective Action Plan		means a document describing how a
		failure to comply with this Code will
		be remedied by the REC Service
		User or REC Service Provider in
		question, and how the risk of future
		failures is to be mitigated.
Created		means the RMP Status indicating that
		an RMP has been created but is not
		yet Operational.
Credit Meter		means a meter which is not a
		Prepayment Meter.
Cross Code Steering Group	CCSG	means the group of that name
		described in Paragraph 3 of the
		Change Management Schedule.
Crossed Meter		means that a meter installed at a
		Consumer's premises is associated to
		an RMP for another premises.
Crossed Meter Resolution	CMRP	means the service of that name which
Portal		forms part of the Secure Data
		Exchange Service.
CMRP User		means an entity that is entitled to use
		the Crossed Meter Resolution Portal
		in accordance with the Secure Data



	Exchange Schedule.
CRS Provider	means the DCC when performing the
	functions and services required by
	Condition 15 (Incorporation, delivery
	and provision of the Centralised
	Registration Service) of the DCC
	Licence.
CRS Services IPR	means the Intellectual Property
	Rights described as such in Clause
	13 of the main body of this Code.
CSS Certificate Authority	means the CSS Provider in its role as
	security certificate authority for the
	Central Switching Service.
CSS Certificate Policy	means the security certificate policy
	maintained by the CSS Certificate
	Authority.
CSS Certificate Authority	means the service provided by the
Service	CSS Certificate Authority, that is
	internally administered within
	Switching Portal.
CSS Data Migration Plan	means the document produced by the
	CSS Provider reflecting the principles
	set out in the E2E Data Migration
	Plan, approved by the Authority from
	time to time, as amended from time to
	time in accordance with the
	procedure for its amendment
	developed under the Switching
	Programme.
CSS Go-Live Date	means the time and date designated
	as such by the Authority.
CSS Interface Provider	means a CSS User who provides an
	adapter service to enable other CSS
	Users to connect to and interface with
	the Central Switching Service.
CSS Provider	means the DCC when performing
	functions under or in relation to this
	Code (but always excluding its
	functions under the Smart Energy
	Code and its roles as CSS Systems
	Integrator, SI Provider and Switching
	Operator), including in respect of the
	Central Switching Service and
	including in effecting the design, build
	and testing of any System that will



		allow it to perform functions under this Code after the CSS Go-Live Date. This role is the CSS Procurer and Manager function as described in the E2E Data Migration Plan, E2E Integration Plan, E2E Post Implementation Plan, E2E Testing Plan, E2E Transition Plan: Implementation Approach and E2E Transition Plan: In-Flight Switches Approach.
CSS Systems Integrator	CSS SI	means the system integration function provided or procured by the DCC. The DCC shall be responsible for ensuring that the CSS Systems Integrator complies with the obligations imposed on the CSS Systems Integrator under this Code.
CSS Testing		means testing in respect of the Central Switching Service.
CSS User		means each organisation which is Qualified to use the CSS, together with each Switching Data Service Provider (other than the CSS Provider) the categories of which are set out in the Central Switching Service Schedule.
Customer		means, for the purposes of the CoMCoP, the party paying for the equipment and service. (This may for example be by the Consumer, Shipper, Gas Transporter, DNO, energy broker, energy management company or Supplier).
Customer Own Read		means a meter reading provided by a Consumer.
Customer Specific Message	CSM	means an instruction sent from a PPMIP, on behalf of a Gas Supplier either by the Prepayment Device or via the NSP networks, to a specified Consumer.
Cut-Off		means the same as Disconnect.
Cyber Essentials Certificate		has the meaning given to it on the NCSC.gov.uk website (as updated from time to time).



DAP Privacy Notice		means a privacy notice which complies with the requirements of the Data Protection Legislation and the Information Commissioner's Office codes of practice and/or guidance, as may be updated from time to time, and which includes notice that customer information (including debt information) may be exchanged between the Losing Supplier and the Gaining Supplier to facilitate debt assignment.
Data Access Matrix		means the matrix describing which Enquiry Service Data each Enquiry Service User Category can access, which forms part of the Data Specification and is updated in accordance with the Data Access Schedule.
Data Access Principles		means, unless otherwise stated, such principles as may be set out in a Data Best Practice Guidance document issued by the Authority from time to time.
Data Access Schedule		means REC Schedule 12.
Data Aggregator	DA	means the person Appointed by an Electricity Supplier to aggregate consumption data for an RMP as further described in the Balancing and Settlement Code.
Data Catalogue		means the catalogue of data flows, data definitions and data formats as approved and defined under the REC Data Specification, Annex C: Energy Market Data Item Catalogue.
Data Collector	DC	means the person Appointed by an Electricity Supplier to collect and process meter readings for an RMP as further described in the Balancing and Settlement Code.
Data Communications	DCC	means the person holding the DCC
Company		Licence.
Data Controller		means 'controller' as defined in the Data Protection Legislation.
Data Guide		means a guide relating to Smart



1	Meters, to provide a Consumer with
	information about what data is
	collected from Smart Meters and what
	that the information will be used for,
	and which sets out the rights and
	choices that apply to the Consumer in
	relation to smart metering information.
Data Item	means the most granular level of data
Data item	defining a specific attribute in respect
	of a data type, the permissible values
	for which are defined and controlled
D	in the Data Item Catalogue.
Data Item Catalogue	means the catalogue described as
	such in the Data Specification.
Data Item Enumerations	means permitted values associated
	with specific Data Items.
Data Item Meta Data Owner	means the organisation under the
	relevant Energy Code (e.g. the BSC,
	REC or UNC) responsible for the
	control of the meta data associated
	with the Data Item, as identified in the
	Data Specification. Changes to the
	meta data are administered in a
	controlled manner via the change
	management or modification process
	under the relevant Energy Code, in
	conjunction with the Code Manager's
	administration of the Data
	Specification as described in the
	Change Management Schedule.
Data Master	means the Market Participant
	responsible for the stewardship of the
	data quality for the Data Item, as
	further described in the Data
	Specification and the Switching Data
	Management Schedule.
Data Migration and Transition	has the meaning given in Paragraph
Testing	4.25 of the Transition Schedule.
Data Model	means the document or documents
	designated as such by the Authority
	from time to time, as amended from
	time to time, as amended from
	procedure for its amendment
	developed under the Switching
	Programme.
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Data Processor		means 'processor' as defined in the
Data Processor Obligations		Data Protection Legislation.
Data Processor Obligations		means the roles and obligations
		described in Clause 20 of this Code.
Data Protection Legislation		means:
		(a) EU Regulation 2016/679 on the
		protection of natural persons with
		regard to the processing of personal
		data and on the free movement of
		such data (which is known as the
		General Data Protection Regulation,
		or "GDPR") as it forms part of UK law
		by virtue of section 3 of the European
		Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018;
		(b) the Data Protection Act 2018;
		(c) the Privacy and Electronic
		Communications (EC Directive)
		Regulations 2003 as they continue to
		have effect by virtue of section 2 of
		the European Union (Withdrawal) Act
		2018; and
		(d) any other laws in force in the UK
		from time to time applicable (in whole
		or in part) to the processing of
		personal data.
Data Responsible User		means a Market Participant
		responsible for notifying the Data
		Master, on an ongoing basis, if the
		Market Participant believes that the
		data quality for the Data Item can be
		improved, as further described in the
		Data Specification and the Switching
		Data Management Schedule.
Data Specification		means the document of that name
		forming part of the Technical
		Specification.
Data Subject		has the meaning given to that
,		expression in the Data Protection
		Legislation.
Data Transfer Network	DTN	has the meaning given to that
		expression in the Data Transfer
		Services Agreement.
Data Transfer Services	DTSA	means the agreement of that name
	וטוטא	by which the relevant Distribution
Agreement		'
		Network Operators discharge their



		duty to provide a data transfer service as required by Condition 35 of the Electricity Distribution Licences, and which is also used for the exchange of gas data.
Database Remedy Document		means the document named "Data Improvement Address Database Remedy 1" designated by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
DCC Licence		means the licences granted under section 6(1A) of the Electricity Act and section 7AB (2) of the Gas Act.
DCC Service Flag		means an identifier for an RMP for which an Enrolled Smart Meter is installed.
Debt Assignment Protocol	DAP	means the Debt Assignment Protocol described in section G of the Resolution of Consumer-Facing Switching and Billing Problems Schedule.
De-energise		shall have the meaning given under the DCUSA, and 'De-energised', 'De- energisation' and similar expressions shall be interpreted accordingly.
Default Bill Payer		means, the person who is treated as the Green Deal Bill Payer under regulation 6 of the Green Deal Framework Regulations.
Default Interest Rate		means the interest rate provided for in the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998.
Defaulting Party		has the meaning given in Clause 16.1 of the main body of this Code.
Defect Management Plan		means the document or documents to be produced pursuant to the Transition Schedule and approved by the Authority, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.



Delivery Point Address		means the address maintained by the Royal Mail within the Postal Address File.
Design Baseline		means the suite of documents, collectively known as Design Baseline 4, published by the Authority on 22 June 2018, as updated or superseded from time-to-time (including by the Technical Specification).
Design Products		means the design products designated as such by the Authority from time to time as amended from time to time.
Design, Build and Test Phase	DBT	means the period commencing pursuant to the Transition Schedule and ending on the CSS Go-Live Date.
Dies		means devices which are attached to or are part of Sealing Pliers and are used to make legible marks on Specified Seals.
Disclose		means disclose, reveal, report, publish or transfer. "Disclosed" and "Disclosure" shall be construed accordingly.
Disconnect		shall have the meaning given to that expression in the Electricity Supply Licence and the Gas Supply Licence; and Disconnection and similar expressions shall be interpreted accordingly.
Dispute		has the meaning given to that term in Clause 22.
Dispute Resolution Procedure Document		means the document or documents designated as such by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
Disputed Switch Meter Reading		means that the Switch Meter Reading is disputed by the Consumer, Losing Supplier or Gaining Supplier.
Disputing Party		shall have the meaning given in Clause 22.2 and "Disputing Parties" shall be construed accordingly.



Distribution Code		means the document of that name
		maintained by the licensed electricity
		DNOs in accordance with Standard
		Condition 21 of the Electricity
		Distribution Licence, and published at
		www.dcode.org.uk/
Distribution Connection and	DCUSA	means the agreement of that name
Use of System Agreement	DCOOA	maintained pursuant to the Electricity
Ose of System Agreement		Distribution Licences.
Diatribution Nativork Operator	DNO	
Distribution Network Operator	DNO	means a person holding an Electricity Distribution Licence.
D: () () () D		
Distribution Safety Rules		means, in relation to any DNO, those
		rules (which may form part of a larger
		body of rules) which relate to safety
		matters within its Distribution System.
Distribution System		means a DNO's distribution system,
		as further defined in its Electricity
		Distribution Licence.
Distribution Use of System	DUoS	means a DNO's distribution use of
Charge		system charges as defined within
		DCUSA.
DNO Equipment		means the DNO-owned equipment,
		for example cut-out, CT/VTs,
		associated wiring up to and including
		the test terminal block, associated
		metering panel and upstream
		distribution network.
DNO Operative		means an employee, agent or Sub-
·		contractor appointed by the DNO who
		performs the functions of the DNO.
Domestic and Micro Business		means a document of that name
Customer Survey Templates		published by the Code Manager from
Cactemer Carvey Templates		time to time on the REC Portal.
Domestic Consumer		means a Consumer at Domestic
Domestic Consumer		Premises.
Domostic Consumer Survey		
Domestic Consumer Survey		means the report on Smart Meter
Reports		Installation Customer Surveys to be
		published by the Code Manager on
		the REC Portal.
Domestic Premises		means a premises at which a supply
		of Energy is (or will be) taken wholly
		or mainly for domestic purposes,
		which is to be interpreted in
		accordance with the Energy Supply
		Licences.



Domestic Premises Indicator	means the indicator used to identify a
Domestic Supplier	Domestic Premises. means an Energy Supplier which is
	authorised by its Energy Supply
	Licence to supply Domestic
	Premises.
Dormant	means the RMP Status indicating that
	the RMP has been Isolated. This
	RMP Status only applies to gas
	RMPs.
Dual Initiation	means where two or more Energy
	Suppliers have sent an Initial Request
	in relation to the same problem.
Duplicate RMP	means an issue where two or more
	RMPs have been created in error for
	the same fuel and MPL Address, as
	further described in Paragraph 13 of
	the Resolution of Consumer-Facing
	Switching and Billing Problems
	Schedule.
E2E Data Architecture and	means the document or documents
Data Governance Model	designated as such by the Authority
	from time to time, as amended from
	time to time in accordance with the
	procedure for its amendment
	developed under the Switching
505 D 4 Mil 11 DI	Programme.
E2E Data Migration Plan	means the document or documents
	designated as such by the Authority
	from time to time, as amended from
	time to time in accordance with the
	procedures for its amendments
	developed under the Switching
E2E Design Products	Programme.
E2E Design Products	means the design products
	designated as such by the Authority from time to time which at the date of
	this Code include the E2E Non-
	Functional Requirements, E2E
	Solution Architecture, E2E
	Operational Choreography, E2E
	Service Management Strategy, E2E
	Detailed Design, and E2E Data
	Architecture and Data Governance
	Model.



E2E Detailed Design		means the document or documents
		designated as such by the Authority
		from time to time, as amended from
		time to time in accordance with the
		procedure for its amendment
		developed under the Switching
		Programme.
COC Integration Diam		means the document or documents
E2E Integration Plan		
		designated as such by the Authority
		from time to time, as amended from
		time to time in accordance with the
		procedure for its amendment
		developed under the Switching
		Programme.
E2E Non-Functional		means the document or documents
Requirements		designated as such by the Authority
		from time to time, as amended from
		time to time in accordance with the
		procedure for its amendment
		developed under the Switching
		Programme.
E2E Operational		means the document or documents
Choreography		designated as such by the Authority
Silo: 33g.aprily		from time to time, as amended from
		time to time in accordance with the
		procedure for its amendment
		developed under the Switching
		Programme.
E2E Post Implementation Plan		means the document or documents
LZE FOST IMPIEMENTATION FIAM		
		designated as such by the Authority
		from time to time, as amended from
		time to time in accordance with the
		procedure for its amendments
		developed under the Switching
		Programme.
E2E Service Management		means the document or documents
Strategy		designated as such by the Authority
		from time to time, as amended from
		time to time in accordance with the
		procedure for its amendment
	l l	developed under the Switching
		Programme.
E2E Solution Architecture		
E2E Solution Architecture		Programme.



E2E Testing Plan	time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme. means the document or documents
	designated as such by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
E2E Transition Plan	means the document or documents (including NC-0103 Transition Plan / Runbook and the End to End Cutover Approach and Plan (ECAP)) designated by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with its provisions.
E2E Transition Plan: Implementation Approach	means the document or documents (including NC-0103 Transition Plan / Runbook and the End to End Cutover Approach and Plan (ECAP)) designated as such by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
E2E Transition Plan: In-Flight Switches Approach	means the document or documents (including NC-0103 Transition Plan / Runbook and the End to End Cutover Approach and Plan (ECAP)) designated as such by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
Earliest Switch Request Resubmission Date	means at least one Working Day after the Gaining Supplier provides the 'Confirmation of Customer Debt Transfer' Market Messages under Section G of the Resolution of Consumer-Facing Switching and Billing Problems Schedule.



EES API Technical	I	means the Category 2 document of
Specification		that name, forming part of the
		Technical Specification that describes
		the Electricity Enquiry Service.
EES Data		means the data accessed via the
LEO Baid		Electricity Enquiry Service.
EES Service Definition		means the document of that name
LES Service Deminion		forming part of the Technical
		Specification that describes the
		·
FFC Hoor Cotogony		Electricity Enquiry Service.
EES User Category		means each category of user of the
		EES, as described in Paragraph 4 of
		the Data Access Schedule. "EES
		User Categories" shall be construed
F., 5		accordingly.
Effective From Date		means the date from which the
		change to a value held in a Switching
		Data Service is to have effect (or had
		effect).
Effective Supply Point		has the meaning given to it under
Withdrawal		Section G of the UNC.
Effective Through Date		means the last date on which a value
		held in a Switching Data Service is to
		remain effective (or was effective).
Electricity Act		means the Electricity Act 1989.
Electricity Distribution Licence		means an electricity distribution
		licence under the Electricity Act.
Electricity Enquiry Service	EES	means the service described as such
		in the EES Service Definition.
Electricity Enquiry Service	EES Provider	means the provider of the Electricity
Provider		Enquiry Service.
Electricity Enquiry Service	EES User	means a Party or Non-Party REC
User		Service User which is entitled to use
		the EES under the Data Access
		Schedule.
Electricity Market Stabilisation		means, in respect of a Domestic
Charge Value		Consumer who has Switched, the
		£/MWh fee (if any) calculated by the
		Authority as payable by the Gaining
		Supplier under Condition 24A of the
		Electricity Supply Licence.
Electricity Metering Operative		means an Party which is approved (or
		which is seeking approval) as such
		under the Metering Accreditation
		Schedule, being an entity which
		Conocado, Doing an onaty willon



		undertakes the installation,
		replacement, repair and maintenance
		of electricity Metering Equipment.
Electricity Retail Data		means the technical and other data
		necessary to facilitate the supply by
		any Electricity Supplier to all Retail
		Energy Locations, as recorded in the
		Electricity Retail Data Service.
Electricity Retail Data Agent	ERDA	means a provider of a DNO's
		Electricity Retail Data Service.
Electricity Retail Data Service	ERDS	means the electricity registration
		services provided under this Code to
		support the provision of electricity
		retail data to the CSS and other
		services.
Electricity Supplier		means a person holding an Electricity
		Supply Licence.
Electricity Supply Licence		means an electricity supply licence
		under the Electricity Act.
Embedded Meter		means a utility meter having integral
		AMR Technology.
Emergency Change		has the meaning given in
		Paragraph 8.8(c) of the Switching
		Service Management Schedule.
Emergency Control Valve	ECV	means a valve for shutting off the
		supply of gas in an emergency,
		intended for use by a Consumer and
		being installed at the end of a service
		or distribution mains, and therefore
		defines the end of the network.
Emergency Credit Status		means the level of emergency credit
		remaining on a Prepayment Meter.
End-to-End Testing	E2E Testing	means the activity described as such
		in the E2E Testing Plan.
Enduring Change of Supplier	ECOS	means the DCC in its role as CoS
Service Provider		Party, defined in the Smart Energy
		Code.
Energise		shall have the meaning given under
		the DCUSA, and 'energised',
		'energisation' and similar expressions
		shall be interpreted accordingly.
Energy		means gas and/or electricity.
Energy Code		means a multilateral code or
		agreement maintained pursuant to
		one or more of the Energy Licences.



Energy Company Energy Company Corporate		is a switching data type indicating the legal entity to which a Market Participant Role relates (in other words, the legal entity which holds the licence, accreditation, or qualification required in order to perform the relevant Market Participant Role), as further described in the Switching Data Management Schedule. means, for each Party, that Party and
Group		its Affiliates, as recorded by the Code Manager based on information provided by the Party.
Energy Company Obligation	ECO	means the government energy efficiency scheme of that name, to help reduce carbon emissions and tackle fuel poverty in Great Britain.
Energy Company Register		means the register of that name which records Energy Company Corporate Groups.
Energy Contract		means a contract for the supply of gas or electricity (or both gas and electricity) to a premises, or for the purchase of electricity exported from a premises.
Energy Efficiency Guidance		means provision of information (on behavioural changes, and generic goods, services or building changes) which for (a) a Domestic Consumer is tailored, and (b) for a Micro-Business Consumer is tailored to the extent that it is reasonably possible and practicable to do so in the relevant circumstances, to reflect the circumstances of the case, whether known prior to or observed or learned during the Installation Visit and including the particular attributes of the Consumer's premises and the existing behaviours of the Consumer with regard to the use of electricity and/or gas, that could assist the Consumer in making informed



		judgements about the way they can improve the efficiency with which they use their electricity and/or gas.
Energy Licence		means a licence under the Electricity Act or the Gas Act.
Energy Market Architecture Repository	EMAR	means the repository containing obligations, business rules and processes for this Code and data specifications for this Code and other Energy Codes.
Energy Networks Association	ENA	means Energy Networks Association Limited (Company Number 4832301).
Energy Performance Certificate	EPC	means a certification of the energy performance of a building, in accordance with the Energy Performance of Buildings (Certificates and Inspections) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 or the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008.
Energy Supplier		means a person which is either or both an Electricity Supplier and/or a Gas Supplier.
Energy Supply Licence		means an Electricity Supply Licence or a Gas Supply Licence.
Energy Theft		Includes: (a) circumstances described in Paragraphs 5(1) (Restoration of connection without consent) and 6(1)(a) (Damage to electrical plant etc) of schedule 6 to the Electricity Act (in so far as they relate to an electricity supplier; (b) circumstances described in Paragraph 6(1)(b) (Damage to electrical plant etc) of schedule 6 to the Electricity Act; (c) circumstances described in Paragraph 11(1) (Interference with meters) of schedule 7 to the Electricity Act; (d) circumstances described in Paragraphs 10(1)(a) and 11(2) of schedule 2B to the Gas Act (in so far as they relate to a gas supplier); and



		(e) circumstances described in Paragraphs 10(1)(b) and 10(1)(c) of schedule 2B to the Gas Act.
Energy Theft Consolidation		means the consolidation of certain energy-theft-related provisions from the DCUSA and the SPAA into this Code, at the time designated by the Authority under the Transition Schedule.
Energy Theft Reduction Schedule		means REC Schedule 7.
Energy Theft Tip-Off Service	ETTOS	is described in Annex 2 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Enquiry		means a message sent from the CSS Provider that informs the recipient of a change in Registration Status or a Registration Event, and provides the recipient with either an obligation or opportunity to respond in a structured form (within a fixed timescale).
Enquiry Service		means one of the Gas Enquiry Service (for gas) or the Electricity Enquiry Service (for electricity).
Enquiry Service Data		means the data accessed via the Gas Enquiry Service or the Electricity Enquiry Service.
Enquiry Service Provider		means the person which provides the Gas Enquiry Service or the Electricity Enquiry Service.
Enquiry Service User		means each and every Party and Non-Party REC Service User that is (and remains) Qualified to use one or both of the Enquiry Services.
Enquiry Service User Category		means each category of Enquiry Service User provided for in the Data Access Schedule.
Enrolled Smart Meter		has the meaning given to the term "Enrolled" in the Smart Energy Code.
Entry Assessment		means the process for becoming Qualified, as further described in the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
Entry Assessment Plan		means the plan for a prospective Party's, or Non-Party REC Service User's Entry Assessment, agreed with



		the Code Manager.
EPC Property Reference		means the alpha numeric Property
Number		Reference Number of the Green Deal
		Premises as stored on the EOC
		Register; see the REC Data
		Specification, Annex C: Energy
		Market Data Item Catalogue.
EPC Registers		means the relevant registers referred to in: regulation 31(1) of the Energy Performance of Buildings (Certificates
		and Inspections) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007; or (b) regulation 10(1) of the Energy Performance of Buildings (Certificates
		and Inspections) (Scotland)
		Regulations 2008.
EPC Report Reference		means the unique alpha numeric reference for an energy efficiency report as stored on an EPC Register,
		in relation to a premises where an
		Improver is seeking to or has entered
		into a Green Deal.
ERDS Total Daily Processing		means the processing of data
		received from the users defined in the
		ERDS Service Definition, by each
		ERDA, by 23:00 hours on each
		Working Day; and the delivery of
		subsequent notifications to those
		users by 06:00 hrs on the following
		Working Day.
Erroneous Switch		means where a Consumer has been
		switched to an Energy Supplier which
		does not have an Energy Contract in
		place, as further described in the
		Resolution of Consumer-Facing
		Switching and Billing Problems Schedule.
Error Decolution Daths		
Error Resolution Paths		means the documented approach for resolving errors identified following
		receipt of CSS Market Messages.
Estimated Annual	EAC	has the meaning given to the
Consumption		expression in the BSC.
ETTOS Contract		means each of the contracts from
		time to time between RECCo and an
		ETTOS Service Provider for provision



ETTOS Liabilities means all costs, charges, expenses, professional fees, fines, damages and other liabilities incurred under or in connection with the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service (including the ETTOS Contract), whether in contract, tort (including negligence), for breach of statutory duty or otherwise. ETTOS Recipient means each Energy Supplier, each Gas Transporter and each Distribution Network Operator. means the materials, information and other data received by ETTOS Recipients pursuant to the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service. ETTOS Service Provider means the person or persons with which RECCo contracts from time to time for provision of the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service. Event of Default has the meaning given in Clause 16.1 of the main body of this Code. Expedited Change has the meaning given in Paragraph 8.8(d) of the Switching Service Management Schedule. Export means a Metering Point which identifies exports from a Location. External Service Provider External Se		of the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service.
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Off Service (including the ETTOS Contract), whether in contract, tort (including negligence), for breach of statutory duty or otherwise. ETTOS Recipient means each Energy Supplier, each Gas Transporter and each Distribution Network Operator. ETTOS Service Data means the materials, information and other data received by ETTOS Recipients pursuant to the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service. ETTOS Service Provider means the person or persons with which RECCo contracts from time to time for provision of the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service. Event of Default has the meaning given in Clause 16.1 of the main body of this Code. Expedited Change has the meaning given in Paragraph 8.8(d) of the Switching Service Management Schedule. Export means electricity which is exported from a Premises. Export Metering Point means a Metering Point which identifies exports from a Location. External Service Provider has the meaning given in the DCC Licence. External Service Provider contract relates to the procurement of the Centralised Registration Services.		connection with the Energy Theft Tip-
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Registration Services.		relevant contract relates to the
<u> </u>		procurement of the Centralised
Factored Total Payment means the amount paid by the		Registration Services.
	Factored Total Payment	means the amount paid by the
Gaining Supplier to the Losing		Gaining Supplier to the Losing
Supplier, to settle the debt. This is	!	
the sum of: (a) 90% of the Total Debt		the sum of: (a) 90% of the Total Debt
Outstanding (net of VAT); and (b) the	!	
full VAT on the Total Debt	!	full VAT on the Total Debt
Outstanding.		Outstanding.
Fair Processing Notice means such fair processing notice as	Fair Processing Notice	means such fair processing notice as
is adequate to satisfy the fair		is adequate to satisfy the fair



Financial Year Fixed Balance UTRNs	processing requirements of the Data Protection Legislation for each Data Controller involved in the relevant Green Deal Plan, and which complies with the requirements of the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule. means 1 April to 31 March (inclusive) each year. means a code which, when entered into a Prepayment Meter, allocates credit onto the meter, thereby
Force Majeure	enabling Energy to be supplied. means, in respect of an Affected Party, any event or circumstance which is beyond the reasonable control of the Affected Party, but only to the extent such event or circumstance (or its consequences) could not have been prevented or avoided had the Affected Party acted in accordance with Good Industry Practice. Neither lack of funds nor strikes or other industrial disturbances affecting only the employees of the Affected Party and/or its contractors shall be interpreted as an event or circumstance beyond the Affected Party's control.
Gaining Agent	means the Supplier Agent Appointed by the Gaining Supplier.
Gaining Shipper	means the Shipper nominated by the Gaining Supplier (or, for a Change of Shipper Request, nominated in the Change of Shipper Request).
Gaining Supplier	means, in relation to a proposed Switch (or Switch), the Energy Supplier which is proposing to become the Registered Supplier at an RMP as a result of that proposed Switch (or which has become the Registered Supplier as a result of that Switch).
Gap Cash Report	means a report which identifies instances where a PP09 has been received to close an account and a



		PP01 has been received to open an account but the dates are not contiguous resulting in an
		Unallocated Transaction (in a reasonable format determined by the PPMIP).
Gas Act		means the Gas Act 1986.
Gas Act Owner		is defined in the UNC.
Gas Central Data Service		means the service provided by the CDSP.
Gas Debt Adjustment		means an adjustment to a meter's settings via a new Prepayment Device or Customer Specific Message to change the gas debt value.
Gas Enquiry Service	GES	means: (a) until CSS Go-Live Date, the enquiry service provided pursuant to the UNC which allows authorised users to access Gas Retail Data; and (b) from CSS Go-Live Date, the service of that name procured by RECCo pursuant to the Data Access Schedule.
Gas Enquiry Service Provider	GES Provider	means the provider of the Gas Enquiry Service.
Gas Enquiry Service User	GES User	means a Party or Non-Party REC Service User which is entitled to use the GES under the Data Access Schedule.
Gas Interconnector		has the meaning given to it in the UNC.
Gas Market Stabilisation Charge Value		means, in respect of a Domestic Consumer who has Switched, the £/MWh fee (if any) calculated by the Authority as payable by the Gaining Supplier under Condition 24A of the Gas Supply Licence.
Gas Retail Data		means the technical and other data necessary to facilitate the supply by any Gas Supplier (and shipping by its Shipper) to all Retail Energy Locations, as recorded in the Gas Retail Data Service.
Gas Retail Data Agent	GRDA	means the provider of a Gas



		Transporter's Gas Retail Data Service.
Gas Retail Data Service	GRDS	means the gas registration services provided under this Code to support the provision of gas retail data to the CSS and other services.
Gas Safe		means the official body appointed by the Health and Safety Executive for the registration of gas engineers.
Gas Safe Register		means the register of Gas Engineers maintained by Gas Safe. "Gas Safe Registered" and "Gas Safe Registered Engineer", "Gas Safe Registration" and cognate expressions shall be construed accordingly.
Gas Supplier		means a person holding a Gas Supply Licence.
Gas Supply Licence		means a gas supply licence under the Gas Act.
Gas Transporter	GT	means a person holding a Gas Transporter Licence which requires that person to become a Party to this Code.
Gas Transporter Licence		means a gas transporter licence under the Gas Act.
Gate Closure		means, 17:00 hours on the day before the Supply Effective From Date of a Switch or Initial Registration.
GB Standardised Address List		has the meaning given in the Service Definition for the Central Switching Service.
GD Energy Payment Frequency		means an indicator of the frequency that a Green Deal Bill Payer makes payment to their Electricity Supplier for electricity supply charges.
GD Energy Payment Method		means an indicator of the method via which a Green Deal Bill Payer makes payment to their Electricity Supplier for electricity supply charges
GD Provider Plan Creator		means the code to identify the reason for the provision of data by the GD Provider, as set out in the REC Data Specification.



GDCC Instruction Number		means the unique identifier for each instruction issued by the GDCC to participants.
GDCC Provider		means the person or persons appointed by RECCo from time to time to provide the GDCC Service.
GDCC Service		means the Green Deal Central Charging Database service provided pursuant to the GDCC Service Definition.
GDCC Service Definition	GDCC SD	means the document of that name forming part of the Technical Specification that describes the Green Deal Central Charge Database service.
Global Message		means a message to generate Customer Specific Messages to be sent to an Energy Supplier's entire portfolio of Prepayment Meters for which it is the Registered Supplier.
Good Industry Practice		means, in respect of a person, the exercise of that degree of skill, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced organisation engaged in a similar type of undertaking as that person under the same or similar circumstances.
Green Deal	GD	means the scheme for the installation and financing of energy efficiency improvements, as established under Chapter 1 of Part 1 of the Energy Act 2011.
Green Deal Arrangements Agreement	GDAA	means the document which prior to Retail Code Consolidation governed the processes and procedures that now form part of this Code and in particular the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.
Green Deal Arrangements Data Green Deal Arrangements		means the data identified in Paragraph 3 of Condition 35 (Central Charge Database) of the Electricity Supply Licences. means REC Schedule 18.
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Schedule Croop Dool Bill Pover		moons a "hill nover" within the
Green Deal Bill Payer		means a "bill payer" within the
		meaning of regulation 2(1) of the Green Deal Framework Regulations.
Cross Deal Control Charging	GDCC	means the database maintained
Green Deal Central Charging Database	GDCC	
		pursuant to the GDCC Service.
Green Deal Charge End Date		has the meaning given to "GD Charge End Date" in the Data Specification.
Green Deal Charge Period		means a period that has a Green Deal Charge Start Date and Green Deal Charge End Date and, for each day in that period, the same Daily Green Deal Charge.
Green Deal Charge Start Date		has the meaning given to "GD Charge Start Date" in the Data Specification.
Green Deal Charges		has the meaning given to that expression in the Energy Supply Licences.
Green Deal Electricity Savings		has the meaning given to that expression in the Electricity Supply Licences.
Green Deal Finance Party		means a Non-Party REC Service User which has Qualified as a Green Deal User in that capacity.
Green Deal Framework Regulations		means the Green Deal Framework (Disclosure, Acknowledgment, Redress etc.) Regulations 2012.
Green Deal Gas Savings		has the meaning given to that expression in the Electricity Supply Licences.
Green Deal Licensee		means an Electricity Supplier which is a Mandatory Green Deal Supplier or a Voluntary Green Deal Supplier.
Green Deal Other Fuel Savings		has the meaning given to that expression in the Electricity Supply Licences.
Green Deal Oversight & Registration Body	GD ORB	means the body which manages the authorisation scheme for participants in the Green Deal on behalf of the Secretary of State
Green Deal Plan		has the meaning given to that expression in section 1(3) of the Energy Act 2011.
Green Deal Plan Actual End Date		has the meaning given to "GD Plan Actual End Date" in the Data



	Specification.
Green Deal Plan ID	means the unique reference for the Green Deal Plan, created by the GDCC.
Green Deal Premises	means a premises in respect of which Green Deal Charges are owed to a Green Deal Provider.
Green Deal Provider	means a Non-Party REC Service User which has Qualified as a Green Deal User in that capacity.
Green Deal Provider Authorisation	means an authorisation granted by the Secretary of State pursuant to regulation 16 of the Green Deal Framework Regulations.
Green Deal Provider Plan Creator	means the code to identify the reason for the provision of data by the Green Deal Provider, as set out in the REC Data Specification
Green Deal Provider Registration Reference	means the unique reference for the Green Deal Provider as allocated by the Green Deal Oversight & Registration Body
Green Deal Qualified	is a Switching Data Type indicating that the Energy Supplier is permitted to make Registrations for RMPs which have an associated Green Deal Plan, as defined in Paragraph 4.6 of the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Green Deal Remittance Processor	means a Non-Party REC Service User which has Qualified as a Green Deal User in that capacity.
Green Deal Trust Property	means (a) all debts recoverable by the relevant Electricity Supplier pursuant to section 1(6)(c) of the Energy Act 2011; and (b) all Green Deal Charges recovered and held by the relevant Electricity Supplier pursuant to section 1(6)(d) of the Energy Act 2011, in each case whether now or in the future and save where the relevant Electricity Supplier is also the relevant Green Deal Provider.



Green Deal User		means an entity which has Qualified to use the GDCC Service.
Green Deal User Data		means the data established for each Green Deal User, as described in the GDCC Service Definition.
GSP Group		has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Guaranteed Standards of Performance		means the regulations made under section 33A (and subsequent) of the Gas Act and/or section 39 (and subsequent) of the Electricity Act, including the Electricity and Gas (Standards of Performance) (Suppliers) Regulations 2015.
Guidance for Service Termination Issue Reporting		means a guide for MOAs and EMOs on reporting and acting on DNO asset condition issues.
Half Hourly	HH	refers to electricity being traded and/or settled on a half hourly basis.
Half Hourly Data Collector	HHDC	has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Half Hourly Metering Point		means any Metering Point which provides measurements of the Import or Export on a half hourly basis.
Health and Safety Bulletin/Announcement Form		means a form for MEMs to complete when submitting a health and safety bulletin/announcement to the Code Manager for issue to other MEMs.
HHDC-Serviced Metering Asset		means Metering Assets from which the HHDC collects half hourly data directly.
High Voltage	HV	means a voltage exceeding Low Voltage.
Home Area Network	HAN	means the home area network for communications between devices forming part of a Smart Metering System.
Housekeeping Change Proposal		is a Change Proposal which satisfies the requirements of Paragraph 28 of the Change Management Schedule.
Housekeeping Change Report		means a written report on a Housekeeping Change Proposal, as described in Paragraph 28 of the Change Management Schedule.
Import		means electricity which is imported to



		a Premises.
Improver		has the meaning given to "improver" in section 2(2) of the Energy Act 2011.
Inactive		is a Registration Status indicating that the relationship between an RMP and an Energy Supplier has ended.
Independent Gas Transporter Uniform Network Code	IGT UNC	means the code of that name established under the Gas Transporter Licences.
Indicative Seal		means a seal that is designed to meet the requirements for the sealing of Metering Equipment as set out in the CoMCoP, and specifically the objectives of deterring tampering and/or indicating where interference with the Metering Equipment has occurred.
Indicative TDIS Summary Report		means the report of that name described in Paragraph 7 of Annex 3 of the Theft Reduction Schedule.
Individual Programme Plan		has the meaning given in Paragraph 2.5 of the Transition Schedule.
In-Flight Switch		means a Switch defined as such under the In-Flight Switches Implementation Plan, "In-Flight Switches" and cognate expressions shall be construed accordingly.
In-Flight Switches Implementation Plan		means the document or documents designated as such by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
Information Commissioner's Office	ICO	means the supervisory authority responsible for enforcing Data Protection Legislation in the United Kingdom, including any successor or replacement body from time to time.
Information Protection Advisor		means, for the purposes of an ASP in the CoMCoP, an appointed individual who advises implications of Data Protection law and develops the company's privacy and data



		protection policies.
Information Security and Data		means an assessment in which the
Protection Assessment		Code Manager determines the REC
		Service User applicant's suitability to
		become a REC Service User as
		described in the Qualification and
		Maintenance Schedule.
In-Home Display	IHD	means an electronic device, linked to
1, 1,		a smart meter, which provides
		information on a Consumer's energy
		consumption (but excluding an
		Alternative Display).
Initial Registration		means the process by which a new or
Illitial Negistration		previously unregistered supply is
		registered to a supplier through the
1 22 1 5 1 1 2 5 5		Initial Registration Request.
Initial Registration Request		means a request to register an
		Energy Supplier as the Registered
		Supplier for an RMP where (at the
		time of the request) there is no
		Energy Supplier with an Active
		Registration.
Initial Request		means a notification from an Energy
		Supplier to another Energy Supplier
		to raise an issue which needs to be
		resolved in respect of one of the
		problems covered by the Resolution
		of Consumer-Facing Switching and
		Billing Problems Schedule.
Initiating Supplier		means the Energy Supplier which
5		sends the Initial Request.
Insolvency Event		means any legal proceedings or other
,		procedure or step taken in relation to:
		(a) the suspension of payments, a
		moratorium of any indebtedness,
		winding-up, dissolution,
		administration or reorganisation (by
		way of voluntary arrangement,
		scheme of arrangement or
		otherwise), bankruptcy or
		sequestration of any Green Deal Bill Payer;
		(b) a composition, compromise,
		assignment or arrangement with any
		creditor of a Green Deal Bill Payer;
		Greditor of a Green Dear Bill Payer,



		(c) the appointment of a liquidator, receiver, administrative receiver, administrator, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee in sequestration, compulsory manager or other similar officer in respect of any Green Deal Bill Payer; (d) the enforcement of any guarantee or security over any assets of any Green Deal Bill Payer; or (e) any analogous procedure or step taken in any jurisdiction.
Installation Appointment		means a time window agreed with the Consumer for the purpose of installing a Smart Metering System.
Installation Visit		means a visit to a Consumer's property for the purpose of installing, or completing the installation of, a Smart Metering System.
Installer	MI	means any individual authorised by an Energy Supplier who represents that Energy Supplier for the purposes of installing a Smart Metering System in the properties of Domestic Consumers and/or Micro Business Consumers.
Integration Help Desk		means the help desk facility to be made available by the SI Provider for testing and issue resolution purposes as further described in the E2E Integration Plan and SI Requirements Document.
Integration Memorandum of Understanding		means a non-binding document to be prepared in accordance with the E2E Integration Plan and approved by the Authority which will set out ways in which the CSS Provider, each other Switching Data Service Provider and the SI Provider will work together to support systems and service integration testing required by the E2E Integration Plan.
Intellectual Property Rights		means patents, trademarks, trade names, service marks, rights in designs, copyright (including rights in computer software), logos, rights in



	internet domain names, and moral rights, database rights, rights in knowhow, and other intellectual property rights (in each case, whether registered or unregistered or subject to an application for registration, and includes any and all rights or forms of protection having equivalent or similar effect anywhere in the world).
Interfaces	means those System components and interfaces required to enable a CSS User to connect to the Central Switching Service in accordance with this Code.
Interfacing System	means those System components and interfaces required to enable a CSS User to access the Central Switching Service, and to send data to and receive data from the Central Switching Service, in accordance with this Code; but excluding the System components and interfaces of Switching Data Service Providers.
Interoperability	means the ability of diverse systems, devices or organisations to work together (interoperate).
Interpretations and Definitions Schedule	means this REC Schedule 1.
Issue	means an issue affecting this Code that may become a Change Proposal in accordance with the Change Management Schedule.
Key Meter	means a Prepayment Meter that uses a payment key to manage transactions.
Large Gas Meter	means a Meter with a flow rate (Qmax) of greater than 11 standard cubic meters per hour.
Large Supplier	means an Energy Supplier which, at the time it is necessary to assess its status, supplies electricity and/or gas to more than 250,000 RMPs.
Last Resort Supply Direction	has the meaning given in the Energy Supply Licence.
Law	means any law (including the



		common law), statute, statutory instrument, regulation, instruction, direction, rule, condition or requirement (in each case) of any Competent Authority (or of any authorisation, licence, consent, permit or approval of any Competent Authority).
Lead Contact		means the nominated individual from each organisation, that will be responsible for controlling the different levels of access, that can be assigned to individuals within their own organisations, with regards to the Switching Operator systems.
Levelisation Policy		means an adjustment to the caps on payment methods derived by the operation of the relevant maximum charge in Condition 28AD.7 of the Gas Supply Licence and Condition 28AD.7 of the Electricity Supply Licence (following the model set out in Annex 9 of Supply Licence Condition 28AD) and other calculations as directed by the Authority from time to time in relation to that adjustment.
Liability		includes any loss, liability, damages, costs (including legal costs), expenses and claims.
Licensed Party Assurance Provider		means the assurance function provided or procured by the Authority to provide assurance on the activities of Suppliers, Shippers, Gas Transporters, and Electricity Distribution Network Operators.
Line Loss Factor Class	LLFC	means a three character alphanumeric code which is used by Distribution System Operators to categorise customer types and voltage levels.
Live Proving		has the meaning given in Paragraph 4.27 of the Transition Schedule.
Local Time		means Greenwich Mean Time (GMT)



		for the winter period and British
		Summer Time (BST) for the summer
		period.
Location		means a dwelling, house, flat, shop,
		office, building, facility, structure or
		other premises in Great Britain,
		together with its land and
		outbuildings. A Location can be
		identified by an address conforming
		to British Standard BS 7666 (Spatial
		datasets for geographical
		referencing).
Losing Shipper		means the Shipper nominated by the
		Losing Supplier (or, for a Change of
		Shipper Request, the incumbent
		Shipper at the time of the Change of
		Shipper Request).
Losing Supplier		means, in relation to a proposed
		Switch (or Switch), the Energy
		Supplier which will cease to be the
		Registered Supplier at an RMP as a
		result of that proposed Switch (or
		which has ceased to be the
		Registered Supplier as a result of that
		Switch).
Losing Supplier Agent		means the Supplier Agent Appointed
		by the Losing Supplier (and "Losing
		DC", "Losing DA" and "Losing MEM"
		shall be interpreted accordingly).
Low Voltage	LV	means either a voltage exceeding 50
		volts alternating current, but not
		exceeding 1000 volts alternating
		current or exceeding 120 volts direct
		current but not exceeding 1500 volts
		direct current.
LPG		means liquid petroleum gas.
Maintenance of Qualification		means the process of re-assessing a
		Market Participant's status as
		Qualified after a significant change or
		as part of a change or removal of
		Controlled Market Entry Conditions,
		as further described in the
		Qualification and Maintenance
		Schedule.
Major Incident Manager	MIM	means the person described as such



		in the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Major Switching Incident		means a high-impact Switching Incident which results in significant disruption to the Switching Arrangements.
Managed Service Provider		means a service provider nominated by a CSS User to provide switching services and support on their behalf.
Mandatory		means, in respect of a REC Schedule and a Party Category, that compliance with the REC Schedule is mandatory for Parties in that Party Category, as further described in Clause 4 of the main body of this Code.
Mandatory Green Deal Supplier		has the meaning given to "Mandatory Green Deal Licensee" in the Electricity Supply Licences.
Manually Entered Address		means, for an RMP, an address communicated to the CSS Provider by the Registered Supplier for that RMP pursuant to the Address Management Schedule.
Market Domain Data	MDD	means, the central repository of reference data maintained in both gas and electricity for use by respective Market Participants.
Market Domain Data Agent	MDDA	has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Market Exit and Supplier of Last Resort Schedule		means REC Schedule 19.
Market Message		means a structured communication sent between two Market Participants in the form and with the content required (and as otherwise specified) by the Data Specification.
Market Message Catalogue		means the catalogue described as such in the Data Specification.
Market Participant		means a participant in either or both of the gas and electricity markets of Great Britain, each of which is identified by a Market Participant Role.
Market Participant Data		means the data relating to a Market



		Participant Role (or the associated legal entity) held within the market domain data under the UNC or BSC (as applicable).
Market Participant Identifier	MPID	means the unique identifier by which a Market Participant is identified.
Market Participant Role		means a concatenation of a Market Participant Identifier and Market Role.
Market Participant Role Code		means the code which identifies the role which a Market Participant performs in the market.
Market Research Society Code of Conduct		means the document designed to support all those engaged in market, social or opinion research in maintaining professional standards. The Code is also intended to reassure the general public and other interested parties that research is carried out in a professional and ethical manner. See: www.mrs.org.uk/standards/code-of-conduct
Market Role		means a role defined within Market Domain Data, or a role defined and recognised within another Energy Code.
Market Sanction		means that a Market Participant's right to make new Registrations is suspended (in accordance with Clause 16 of the main body of this Code), or is subject to similar restrictions under another Energy Code.
Market Scenario Testing		means a combination of internal and external tests designed to assess a Party or Non-Party REC Service User's ability to comply with the requirements of this Code, as further described in the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
Market Stabilisation Charge	MSC	means, in respect of a Domestic Consumer who has Switched, the amount (in £, if any) payable by the Gaining Supplier in accordance with Condition 24A of the Gas Supply



Marketing		Licence or Condition 24A of the Electricity Supply Licence (or, if such an amount is payable under both the Gas Supply Licence and the Electricity Supply Licence, the aggregate of such amounts). In the case of gas and/or electricity (as applicable) such amount is calculated as the product of: the Gas Market Stabilisation Charge Value and the Domestic Consumer's Annual Quantity; or the Electricity Market Stabilisation Charge Value and the Domestic Consumer's Estimated Annual Consumption. means any on-site activity by an Energy Supplier in the presence of the Consumer (or any other person at the property) promoting the provision of any goods or services as defined in the Energy Supply Licences. However, the restrictions on Marketing in the CoMCoP do not prevent the promotion or delivery of goods and services for which there is no direct charge to the Consumer, such as those offered under the Energy Company Obligation (ECO), or other additional products that Suppliers may offer to Vulnerable Consumers, such as carbon monoxide monitors.
Master Admin User	MAU	means, in respect of a REC Service User, the Authorised Person who has the relevant access rights to manage the accounts of the REC Service User's other Authorised Persons.
Master Registration	MRA	means the Master Registration
Agreement	WILVA	Agreement referred to in the
, igi oomont		Electricity Supply Licences.
Maximum Quarterly		means the maximum Performance
CRS Performance Charge		Charges which can be applied to the
		CRS Provider in respect of each
		Quarter.
Measurement Class		has the meaning given to that
·	-	



		expression in the BSC.
Measurement Transformers		means either a Current Transformer (CT) or a Voltage Transformer (VT) or a device carrying out both such functions, whose purpose is to enable
		the Metering Equipment to operate at a more convenient current and/or voltage than otherwise present.
Message Signing Certificate		means a security certificate required in accordance with the CSS Schedule used to authenticate individual messages sent across the communication channel through the application of a digital signature.
Meta Data Owner		means the person responsible for the control of the meta data associated with the Data Item, as further described in the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Meter Administrator	MA	means the person Appointed by an Electricity Supplier to calculate estimated energy consumption for an Unmetered Supply, as further described in the Balancing and Settlement Code.
Meter Asset Manager	MAM	means a Party which has Qualified in that role under the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule. Where used in respect of a particular Supply Meter Point, it means the MAM Appointed by a Gas Supplier in accordance with the Metering Operations Schedule. The MAM is accountable for the installation, replacement, repair and maintenance of gas Metering Equipment (either itself or by an AMI), and the MAM must also therefore be Accredited under the Metering Accreditation Schedule.
Meter Asset Provider	MAP	means the person that makes the Metering Assets for an RMP available for use by the Registered Supplier and the Consumer.
Meter Dump		means the electronic exchange of data retrieved from a Prepayment



		Meter.
Meter Installer		means a Metering Equipment Manager that is approved (or which is seeking approval) as a Meter Installer under the Metering Accreditation Schedule. "Approved Meter Installer" and "AMI" shall be construed accordingly.
Meter Model Table		means the market data associated with gas meters as set out in the Data Specification.
Meter Operative		means an employee, agent or subcontractor appointed by the AMI or EMO.
Meter Operator Agent	MOA	means a Party which has Qualified in that role under the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule. Where used in respect of a particular Metering Point, it means the MOA Appointed by an Electricity Supplier in accordance with the Metering Operations Schedule. The MOA is accountable for the installation, replacement, repair and maintenance of electricity Metering Equipment (either itself or by an EMO), and the MOA must also therefore be Accredited under the Metering Accreditation Schedule.
Meter Operator Code of Practice	MOCoP	means the electricity metering code of practice that has now been incorporated into the CoMCoP and references to 'Meter Operator Code of Practice' or 'MOCoP' should read as references to the CoMCoP.
Meter Point Administration Number	MPAN	means the unique reference number used to identify electricity Metering Points.
Meter Point Location Address		means the address (or other spatial reference) of a Supply Meter Point's or Metering Point's Location, as created and maintained by the Gas Transporter or Distribution Network Operator (as applicable) for that Supply Meter Point or Metering Point.



Meter Point Reference Number	MPRN	means the unique reference number used to identify gas Supply Meter Points.
Meter Point X Number	MPxN	means the collective description of the MPAN and MPRN when used together.
Meter Product Data Change Proposal	MPD Change Proposal	means a proposal to change the items set out in the REC Baseline Statement as Meter Product Data documents.
Meter Product Data Release	MPD Release	means publication of an update to the Meter Product Data documents.
Meter Pulse Utilisation Agreement	MPU Agreement	means an agreement between a Metering Equipment Manager or a Meter Asset Provider and an ASP to allow the connection of the AMR Equipment to the Metering Equipment
Meter Serial Number	MSN	means the serial number that identifies the meter at an RMP.
Meter Technical Details	MTD	means all the relevant information about Energy meters required by the Registered Energy Supplier, Supplier Agents, Distribution Network Operator and/or Gas Transporter to carry out its duties as such under this Code and other Energy Codes.
Metered Data		means data concerning the quantities of Energy supplied to (or Exported from) a Premises, as measured, collected, recorded and otherwise determined pursuant to this Code.
Metering Accreditation Applicant		means any person or organisation applying to be accredited under one or more of the schemes operated by RECCo pursuant to the Metering Accreditation Schedule.
Metering Accreditation Schedule		means REC Schedule 15.
Metering Asset		shall have the same meaning as Metering Equipment.
Metering Equipment		means: (a) in relation to gas, all the components of a meter installation and ancillary equipment, as defined in IGEM/G/1 edition 2; or



		(b) in relation to electricity, means the equipment associated with a particular meter, including the meter itself and any related Current Transformer (CT) and/or Voltage Transformer (VT), communication and/or control equipment, as may be further defined in the BSC.
Metering Equipment Manager	MEM	means, as applicable, either: (a) for electricity, a Meter Operator Agent (MOA); or (b) for gas, a Meter Asset Manager (MAM).
Metering Expert Group		means, a group of that name established and constituted from time to time pursuant to and in accordance with the Code or any subsidiary document of the Code.
Metering Operations Schedule		means REC Schedule 14.
Metering Point		has the meaning given to it in the Electricity Distribution Licence, which for the time being means: "the point, determined according to the principles and guidance given in the MRA Transition Schedule to the Retail Energy Code, at which a supply of electricity taken into or conveyed from the licensee's Distribution System: (a) is or is intended to be measured; or (b) where Metering Equipment has been removed, was or was intended to be measured; or (c) in the case of an Unmetered Supply, is treated as measured."
Metering Point Administration Data	MPAD	has the meaning set out in the MRA Transition Schedule.
Metering Point Administration Service	MPAS	means the service of that name which each DNO is required to provide under its Electricity Distribution Licence.
Metering Point Registration System	MPRS	means the System used or procured by each DNO in order to provide the Electricity Retail Data Service in accordance with the REC and / or the



	Supplier Meter Registration Service in accordance with the BSC.
Metering Related Services	means one or more of the services provided by Supplier Agents as described in the Metering Operations Schedule.
Metering Scheme	means the procedure for approving a person as a Meter Asset Manager, Meter Operator Agent, Approved Meter Installer, Electricity Metering Operative, or AMR Service Provider, including the auditing of such persons and suspension or withdrawal of approval, in each case based on such persons compliance (or noncompliance) with the CoMCoP and as further described in Paragraph 3 of the Metering Accreditation Schedule.
Metering Scheme Auditor	means a person appointed by the RECCo to audit compliance with the CoMCoP.
Metering System Standing Data	has the meaning set out in Clause 4.1 of BSCP501
MHHS Migration End Date	means the date by which Electricity Suppliers must have completed MHHS Migration under the MHHS Implementation Timetable (identified as milestone M15).
MHHS Migration Period	means the period between the MHHS Migration Start Date and the MHHS Migration End Date.
MHHS Migration Plan	means the plan as defined in the Balancing and Settlement Code and any associated documentation to include the migration volumes set by the MHHS Programme.
MHHS Migration Start Date	means the date from which Electricity Suppliers can first commence MHHS Migration under the MHHS Implementation Timetable (identified as either milestone M11 or M12 whichever is earlier).
Micro-Business Consumer	means a 'Micro-Business Customer', as defined in the Energy Supply Licences.



Micro-Business Consumer Survey Reports		means the report on Micro Business Smart Meter Installation Customer Surveys to be published by the Code Manager on the REC Portal.
Microgeneration Certification Scheme	MCS	means the scheme operated by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme Service Company and recognised by the Authority as being the means of certification for microgeneration products and installations companies pursuant to the Domestic Renewable Home Incentive (RHI).
Microgeneration Certification	MCSSC	means the company of that name
Scheme Service Company		established to administer the Microgeneration Certification Scheme.
Miniature Circuit Breaker	MCB	means an electromechanical device designed to protect an electric circuit from overload or short circuit.
Misdirected Payment		means a payment by a Consumer via a Prepayment Meter that is directed to the wrong Energy Supplier.
Missing Switch Meter Reading		means that a Switch Meter Reading has not been obtained within the timescales required by the Resolution of Consumer-Facing Switching and Billing Problems Schedule.
MPAN Core		means the final 13 digits of the MPAN which identify the exit point
MRA Transition Schedule		means REC Schedule 21, which was removed from the REC on the CSS Go-Live Date.
MSC-Weekly Cycle		means each of the periods of approximately 7 days by reference to which the Authority calculates the Gas Market Stabilisation Charge Value and the Electricity Market Stabilisation Charge Value.
MSC-4-Week Cycle		means each successive period of four consecutive MSC-Weekly Cycles.
Network Party		means a Party which is either a Distribution Network Operator or a Gas Transporter.
New Party		means a person that has agreed to be bound by this Code in accordance



		with an Accession Agreement.
Nominated Green Deal Plan		means a Green Deal Plan that is
		subject to a Notice of Transfer.
Nominating Officer		relates to the management of CSS
		security certificates, and has the
		meaning given in the Central
		Switching Service Schedule.
Nominations Committee		means the Sub-Committee of that
		name established by the REC Board
		for the purposes described in Clause
		5 of the main body of this Code.
Nominee Remittance Person		has the meaning given in Paragraph
		21.1 of the Green Deal Arrangements
		Schedule.
Non-CSS Testing		means testing in relation to REC
-		Services other than the Central
		Switching Service.
Non-Domestic Consumer		has the meaning given to 'Non-
		Domestic Customer' in the Energy
		Supply Licences.
Non-Domestic Consumer User		means the document of that name
Guide		published by the Code manager from
		time to time enabling Non-Domestic
		Consumer users of the EES to better
		understand the services and
		functionality available to them.
Non-Domestic Premises		means a premises at which a supply
		of Energy is (or will be) taken wholly
		or mainly for non-domestic purposes,
		which is to be interpreted in
		accordance with the Energy Supply
		Licences.
Non-Domestic Supplier		means an Energy Supplier which is
• •		not authorised by its Energy Supply
		Licence to supply Domestic
		Premises.
Non-Half Hourly		refers to electricity being traded,
•		settled and/or metered by reference
		to periods of more than half an hour
		(normally monthly or longer).
Non-Half Hourly Data	NHHDC	means, a Data Collector which
Collector		retrieves, validates and process
		metering data from Non-Half Hourly
		Meters
Non-Half Hourly Metering		means, any Metering Point which
,	I .	



Point		provides measurements of the Import or Export other than on a half hourly
		basis.
Non-Party REC Service User		means, for a REC Service, an entity
		which is not a Party under this Code,
		but which has become a REC Service
		User for that REC Service.
Normal Change		has the meaning given in Paragraph
_		8.8(b) of the Switching Service
		Management Schedule.
Notice of Transfer		is a notice to transfer a Green Deal
		Plan, in the form set out on the REC
		Portal.
Notification		
Notification		means a type of Market Message, as
		described in the Switching Data
		Management Schedule.
Objection		means a request from the Losing
		Supplier to block a Switch Request
		for reasons permitted under the
		relevant Energy Supply Licence.
Objection Response		means the Registration Service
		Request from the Losing Supplier to
		indicate an Objection or no Objection.
Objection Window		means the period within which an
		Objection can validly be raised, as
		defined in Paragraph 6 of the
		Registration Services Schedule.
Occupier		means the occupier of a Premises
Occupiei		prior to identifying whether they are
		, ,
		an Unregistered Consumer.
OFAF Group		means all the Switch Requests which
		are collectively subject to OFAF, as
		identified by a reference number that
		is unique to the Energy Supplier
		which submitted the Switch Requests
		(or, following Validation of one or
		more of those Switch Requests, all
		the resulting Registrations while they
		are either Pending or Confirmed).
Office of Gas and Electricity	Ofgem	Ofgem is the regulator for Britain's
Markets		gas and electricity industries,
		overseen by the Gas and Electricity
		Markets Authority (the Authority)
One Fail All Fail	OFAF	means that a Switch Request has
		been identified as dependent upon
		been identified as dependent upon



Operational	the successful progress of other Switch Requests in the same OFAF Group (or, following Validation of one or more of those Switch Requests, all the resulting Registrations while they are either Pending or Confirmed). means the RMP Status indicating: (a) for gas RMPs, that the RMP is
	capable of offtaking gas (and not, for the avoidance of doubt, Isolated or no longer capable of offtaking gas); or (b) for electricity RMPs, that the RMP has been energised and has not been disconnected.
Operational Contacts	means one or more individuals selected to manage the operational issues on behalf of each Party, as further described in Clause 24 of the main body of this Code.
Operational Switching Service Change	means a change to the Switching Arrangements (e.g. planned downtime and software updates) which can be progressed without a change to this Code, as further described in Paragraph 8 of the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Operational Testing	has the meaning given in Paragraph 4.26 of the Transition Schedule.
Original Accession Agreement	means the agreement equivalent to an Accession Agreement, in the form designated by the Authority.
Original Party	means a person that agreed to be bound by this Code in accordance with the Original Accession Agreement; "Original Parties" shall be construed accordingly.
Other Service Users	means each and every 'REC Service User' under and as defined in the Retail Energy Code, but excluding the User itself.
Outcode	means the first part of a postcode that indicates the postcode area and postcode district.
Outlet	means a premise or location where a



		PoS Unit is installed.
Outlet ID		means the identification or reference
		number of a PoS Unit location.
Outlet List		means a list of the nearest outlets
		that a Consumer can top up a
		Prepayment Meter.
Outstanding Charges		has the meaning given in the Energy
		Supply Licences.
PAB Chair		means the chairperson of the REC
		PAB.
PAB Secretariat		means the administration support
		function for the REC PAB provided or
		procured by RECCo.
PAB Terms of Reference		means the terms of reference for the
		REC PAB from time to time.
Party		means, from time to time, an Original
		Party or a New Party that has not at
		that time ceased to be a Party in
		accordance with Clause 17 of the
		main body of this Code.
Party Category		means one of the following categories
		of Party:
		(a) the DCC;
		(b) Domestic Suppliers;
		(c) Non-Domestic Suppliers;
		(d) Gas Transporters;
		(e) Distribution Network Operators;
		(f) Metering Equipment Managers;
		(g) Approved Meter Installers; and
D . D . "		(h) Electricity Metering Operative
Party Details		means, for each Party, its name,
		jurisdiction of incorporation (if
		applicable), company number (if
		applicable), addresses for receipt of
		notices, Contract
		Manager, Operational Contact (if different from its Contract
		Manager) and (if it is resident or
		incorporated outside of the UK) an
		address in the UK for service of
		process.
Party Instruction Number		means, the unique instruction number
i arry instruction number		as specified in an incoming data
		transaction to the GDCC.
Payment Method Levelisation	PML Reconciliation	means the obligations and process by
ayment wethou Levensation	I ME NECOTICINATION	means the obligations and process by



Reconciliation		which payments of the PML Reconciliation Amounts are made from and to Energy Suppliers in pursuance of the Levelisation Policy.
Payment Portfolio Data		means an Energy Supplier's aggregate domestic portfolio at 12:00 on the PML Reconciliation Reporting Date, that is: (a) broken down by region and payment method, and (b) in the format specified in Appendix 1 of Schedule 31 - Payment Method Levelisation Reconciliation.
Pending		means the Registration Status as described in Paragraph 1.4 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Pensionable Age		means, in relation to any person, within the meaning given to pensionable age by section 48(2B) of the Gas Act and Schedule 14 of the Electricity Act.
Performance Assurance		means the activities undertaken by the Code Manager and the REC PAB in accordance with the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Performance Charges		means the charges which the REC PAB may levy on REC Service Users and REC Service Providers as part of the Performance Assurance Framework.
Performance Assurance Framework	PAF	means the Performance Assurance Schedule and the documents, processes and arrangements established pursuant to the Performance Assurance Schedule, for the purposes of (or in relation to) the monitoring and assurance of roles and obligations undertaken by REC Service Users and REC Service Providers pursuant to this Code.
Performance Assurance Methodology		means the approach and methods used by the REC PAB and/or the Code Manager to proactively identify, assess and respond to Retail Risks, as set out in the Performance



		Assurance Schedule.
Performance Assurance	PAOP	means the plan of that name
Operating Plan		approved by the REC PAB, as
		described in the Performance
		Assurance Schedule.
Performance Assurance		means REC Schedule 6.
Schedule		
Performance Assurance Technique	PAT	means any provision or process that may be employed by the REC PAB and/or the Code Manager in order to mitigate Retail Risks in accordance
		with the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Performance Data		means the data utilised by the Code Manager to assess a REC Service User's or REC Service Provider's compliance with this Code, including from Performance Reports.
Performance Level		means the performance level required under the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Performance Level		means the payment or credit
Compensation		triggered by failure to achieve a Performance Level, as required under the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Performance Reports		means the reports on performance by REC Service Users and REC Service Providers, as further described in the Performance Assurance Schedule and REC Technical Specification.
Perpetrator		means a person who has committed the Energy Theft.
Personal Characteristics		shall have the mean given in the Gas Supply Licence and Electricity Supply Licence, i.e. to include: (a) the Domestic Customer being of Pensionable Age; or (b) the Domestic Customer being chronically sick, or having an impairment, disability, long term medical condition (including but not limited to a visual, auditory, literacy or mobility
		impairment), or severe financial insecurity (they are unable to



l		safeguard their personal welfare or
		the personal welfare of other
		members of the household).
Personal Data		means personal data as defined by
Cisonal Bala		the Data Protection Legislation.
Personal Data Breach		has the meaning given to that
Personal Data Breach		
		expression in the Data Protection
DM D III ii A		Legislation.
PML Reconciliation Amounts		means, in respect of an Energy
		Supplier, the amount owed by or to
		that, Energy Supplier pursuant
		to PML Reconciliation.
PML Reconciliation Period		means each calendar month;
		provided that
		(a) the first PML Reconciliation Period
		will commence on first day on which
		the Levelisation Policy takes effect
		whether or not that is the first day of a
		calendar month and end at the end of
		the month in which it started; and
		(b) the last PML Reconciliation Period
		will end on the termination of the
		Levelisation Policy.
PML Reconciliation Reporting		means, for each PML Reconciliation
Date		Period, 12:00 on the 1 st calendar day
		of that PML Reconciliation Period.
PML Reconciliation Reporting		means 17:00 on the 15th calendar day
Submission Deadline		of the PML Reconciliation Period
Point of Acquisition	PoA	means the point in time when a
. o o. / toquiotaon		Consumer instigates the move to a
		Gaining Supplier through either the
		Gaining Supplier's own (or a Third
		Party Intermediary's) sales channel.
Point of Sale Unit	PoS Unit	means a unit installed in a specific
Point of Sale Offit	POS UTIL	·
		outlet that allows the charging of a
		Prepayment Device and the
		communication between the Energy
		Supplier and the Prepayment Meter.
Post Implementation Period		means the period commencing on the
		CSS Go-Live Date and ending on the
		Steady State Commencement Date.
Postal Address File		means the database that contains all
		known Delivery Point Addresses and
		postcodes in the United Kingdom.
Post-Installation		means the period after the Installation



		Visit, up to the Consumer receiving
		the first bill using smart meter data for
		meters in credit mode, or the first
		vend for meters in prepayment mode.
PPMIP Database		means the PPMIP's database relating
		to Prepayment Meters.
Pre-Installation		means the activities associated with
		arranging the installation of a Smart
		Metering System that take place prior
		to the Installation Visit (for example,
		arranging an Installation Visit or
		Installation Appointment, and raising
		Consumer awareness and
		engagement in Smart Metering).
Pre-Integration Testing	PIT	means the testing described in
		Paragraph 4.13 of the Transition
		Schedule.
Premises		is to be interpreted in accordance with
		the Gas Act and the Electricity Act.
Prepayment Arrangements		means REC Schedule 11.
Schedule		mound read demodale 11.
Prepayment Device		means a device issued to a
		Consumer who has or is due to have
		a Prepayment Meter installed in their
		property, which allows the transfer of
		data and electronic credit to the
		Prepayment Meter.
Prepayment Device Reference		means the reference number held in
Number		the Prepayment Meter and also
		recorded on PPMIP Database, which
		is used to allocate transactions to the
		appropriate Energy Supplier.
Prepayment Meter		has the meaning given in the Energy
, ,		Supply Licences.
Prepayment Meter	PPMIP	means, for each Energy Supplier and
Infrastructure Provider		fuel, the contracted service provider
		for prepayment services to support
		that Energy Supplier's Prepayment
		Meters for that fuel.
Prepayment Network Service	NSP	means an entity that provides a
Provider		network of PoS Units to process
		transactions and enable credit to be
		added to Prepayment Meters which
		are not Smart Meters.
Price Comparison Websites		means operators of price comparison
. 1100 Companion Wobolios		meand operators of price comparison



		websites.
Primary Meter		in relation to gas, has the meaning
		given in the Gas Safety (Installation
		and Use) Regulations 1998.
Primary Related Metering		means a Metering Point with which
Point		other Metering Points (the Secondary
		Related Metering Points) are related.
		This concept relates only to electricity
		and is described further in the
		Related Metering Points Schedule.
Priority Services		is to be interpreted by reference to
y coco		the licence obligations of the relevant
		Party, and therefore has the meaning
		given in:
		a) Electricity Supply Licence
		Condition 26;
		b) Gas Supply Licence Condition 26;
		c) Electricity Distribution Licence
		Condition 10; and
		d) Gas Transporters Licence
		Condition 17.
Priority Services Register	PSR	means the register of certain of
Thomas dervices register		Domestic Customers established and
		maintained by relevant Parties
		pursuant to their licence.
Privacy Impact Assessment	PIA	means any privacy impact
Tilvacy impact Assessment		assessment produced in accordance
		with this Code and available to
		Parties via the REC Portal.
Proactive Install and Leave		
Proactive install and Leave		means the processes set out in
		Electricity Supply Licence Condition
		49, and Gas Supply Licence
		Condition 43.
Process		is to be interpreted in accordance with
		the Data Protection Legislation.
		"Processing", "Processes" and
		"Processed" and other similar
		expressions shall be interpreted
		accordingly.
Production Interface		means the permanent interface that
		will be used in the live environment
		(and staging during the transition
		process) during the Design, Build and
		Test Phase.
Programme Co-ordinator		means the person appointed as such



	by the Authority from time to time.
Programme Co-ordinator	means the document or documents
Requirements Document	designated as such by the Authority
	from time to time, as amended from
	time to time in accordance with the
	procedure for its amendment
	developed under the Switching
	Programme.
Programme Management and	means the management and
Reporting Framework	performance framework produced by
	the SI Provider from time to time.
Programme Plan	means the document or documents
	designated as such by the Authority
	from time to time, as amended from
	time to time in accordance with the
	procedure for its amendment
	developed under the Switching
	Programme.
Programme Systems	means any System produced by a
	Testing Participant which is
	necessary for that Testing Participant
	to participate in the arrangements
	created by the Switching Programme
	after the CSS Go-Live Date.
Proposed Supply Effective	means the Supply Effective From
From Date	Date proposed in a Switch Request or
	Initial Registration Request.
Proposer	means a person who submits a
	Change Proposal.
Proving Test	means testing to prove new, and
	changes to existing, Metering
	Systems.
Provisional Certificate	means any certificate that may be
	issued by the Code Manager pending
	completion of a site visit, pursuant to
	the Metering Accreditation Scheme
	Schedule and/or the CoMCoP.
Pseudo Metering Point(s)	means additional set(s) of Metering
	Point Administration Data, up to eight,
	or more if agreed with all affected
	Parties, associated with a single Half
	Hourly Metering Point created to
	facilitate the splitting of energy
	volumes between Registered
	Suppliers at such Metering Point.



PSR Data PSR Record	Each Pseudo Metering Point shall only exist whilst the energy volumes at the Metering Point are scheduled to that Pseudo Metering Point. is defined in the Data Specification. any record defined in the Data Specification by which Priority Services Codes (as defined in the Data Specification) are sent to the CDSP.
Pulse Output	means a pulse output from a meter representing the amount of gas passing through the meter and to which an AMR Device can be attached, subject to an MPU Agreement.
Qualification and Maintenance Schedule	means REC Schedule 9.
Qualified	means: (a) for a REC Service, that a Party or an organisation which has entered into an Access Agreement has successfully qualified (and remains qualified) to use that REC Service under the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule; or (b) For the role of Electricity Supplier, Gas Supplier, Distribution Network Operator, Gas Transporter, Meter Asset Manager or Meter Operator Agent, that a Party has successfully qualified (and remains qualified) in that role under the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule. The words "Qualify", "Qualification" and similar expressions shall be interpreted accordingly.
Quarter	means a period of three calendar months commencing on the first day of January, April, July or October.
Quarterly Payment Bank Account	shall have the meaning given under Paragraph 22 of the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.
Quarterly Payments	means quarterly payments under the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.

71



Reactive Install and Leave	means the processes set out in Electricity Supply Licence Condition 49, and Gas Supply Licence Condition 43.
REC Baseline Statement	means the document of that name setting out: a) a list of documents that make up the Code and the Responsible Committee for approving changes to each document; and b) a list of Category 3 products and the Responsible Provider responsible for maintaining each product.
REC Board	means the board of directors for RECCo.
REC Board Chair	means the individual from time to time selected to undertake that role in accordance with Clause 5 of the main body of this Code.
REC Board Members	means the individuals who comprise the REC Board, as further described in Clause 5 of the main body of this Code.
REC Charging Methodology	means the REC Schedule of that name to be developed in accordance with Clause 10 of the main body of this Code.
REC Charging Statement	means the statement of charges for those REC Services to which usage charges apply in accordance with the REC Charging Methodology, as from time to time approved by the REC Board and published on the REC Portal.
REC Controller	means a REC Service Provider or REC Service User when acting as a Controller in respect of the Processing of REC Data.
REC Data	means Personal Data Processed in connection with this Code.
REC Materials	means the materials described in Clause 13.1 of the main body of this Code.
REC Objectives	means the objectives set out as such in Condition 11B of the Electricity



		Supply Licences and Condition 11 of the Gas Supply Licences, which are: a) to ensure the REC operates and evolves in a manner that facilitates the achievement of its mission statement; b) to ensure customers interests and data is protected in the operation of the REC; and, c) to drive continuous improvements and efficiencies in the operation of the REC and the central systems and communication infrastructures it governs.
REC Parties		means each 'Party' under and as defined in the Retail Energy Code. 'REC Parties', 'Parties' and similar expressions shall be interpreted accordingly.
REC Performance Assurance Board	REC PAB	means the performance assurance board for this Code, as from time to time established under Clause 15 of the main body of this Code (which is a Sub-Committee).
REC Portal		means the website for this Code maintained by the Code Manager.
REC Processor		means a REC Service Provider or REC Service User when acting as a Processor in respect of the Processing of REC Data.
REC Schedule		means a schedule forming part of this Code.
REC Service Provider		means each of the services provides pursuant to this Code, as described in the Service Definitions. These services are the Electricity Enquiry Service, the Secure Data Exchange Service, the Green Deal Database Service, the Gas Enquiry Service, the Central Switching Service, the Switching Operator Service, the Energy Theft Tip-Off Service, and the REC Portal.
REC Service Provider		means the provider of each REC Service.



REC Service User	means in respect of each REC Service, either: (a) a Party which has become Qualified for that REC Service under the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule; or (b) an organisation which is not a Party, that has entered into an Access Agreement permitting it to use that REC Service and that has become Qualified for that REC Service under the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
REC Service User Assurance Evidence	means the information described in Paragraph 13.1 of the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
REC Service	means the document of that name
User Assessment Guidance	made available on the REC Portal.
REC Service User	means the statement provided to the
Compliance Statement	Code Manager by the REC Service
	User in accordance with and
	containing such information described
	in Paragraph 12 of the Qualification hand Maintenance Schedule.
REC Service User External	means an assessment under and in
Assessment	accordance with the Qualification and
Addeddifferit	Maintenance Schedule.
REC Test Strategy	means the document produced by the Code Manager setting out the testing objectives and approach to coordinating testing activities between REC Service Providers, where these activities need to be aligned between multiple REC Service Providers.
RECCo	means the company established under Clause 5 of the main body of this Code.
RECCo Services IPR	means the Intellectual Property Rights described as such in Clause 13 of the main body of this Code.
Reclaimed Amounts	has the meaning given in the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.
Recoverable Costs	means the costs which RECCo is entitled to recover under Clause 8 of the main body of this Code.



Recovery Point Objective		means the maximum amount of data, as measured by time, that can be lost after a recovery from a business continuity / disaster recovery event.
Recovery Time Objective		means the targeted duration of time within which service must be restored after a disaster (or disruption) in order to avoid unacceptable consequences associated with a break in business continuity.
Refresh		A Market Message which provides the current details for the requested data items.
Registered Supplier		means, in respect of an RMP and at any time, the Energy Supplier recorded against that RMP in the Central Switching Service at that time with an Active or Secured Inactive Registration Status (or, in respect of a period of time, the Energy Supplier that had, has or will have an Active or Secured Inactive Registration Status in respect of that RMP during that period).
Registrable Measurement Point	RMP	means a Supply Meter Point or Metering Point identified in the Central Switching Service.
Registration		means the record in the Central Switching Service for each RMP identifying each Energy Supplier which is registered in respect of that RMP, and the Registration Status of each such registration.
Registration Certificate		means, the certificate that may be issued by the Code Manager to a Metering Equipment Manager, pursuant to the Metering Accreditation Scheme Schedule and/or the CoMCoP.
Registration Data		means the data recorded in relation to a Registration.
Registration Deactivation Request		means, for an RMP, a request from the Registered Supplier to end the Registered Supplier's Active Registration in respect of that RMP.



Registration Event	means the event that occurs on: (a)
Nogistration Event	an amendment to an 'RMP's
	Domestic Premises Indicator; or (b) in
	the case of gas 'RMPs only, a change
	to the RMP's Shipper that is not
	linked to a Switch Request or an
	Initial Registration Request.
Registration Event Request	means a request to have a
Registration Event Nequest	Registration Event recorded in the
	Central Switching Service.
Registration Service	means the component of the Central
Registration Service	
	Switching Service which records
	Switching Operation Data and
	manages Switches, as further
	described in the Switching Data
	Management Schedule and the
	Registration Services Schedule.
Registration Service Request	means a Switch Request, an Initial
	Registration Request, an Annulment
	Request, an Objection Response, a
	Withdrawal Request, a Registration
	Deactivation Request or a
	Registration Event Request.
Registration Service Request	means whether the Market
Permission	Participant's Registration Service
	Requests will be accepted, as defined
	in the Switching Data Management
	Schedule.
Registration Service Request	means the status which identifies the
Status	progress of a Registration Service
	Request, being one of: Submitted,
	Validated, or Rejected.
Registration Services	means REC Schedule 23.
Schedule	
Registration Status	means the status which identifies the
	relationship between an RMP and an
	Energy Supplier at, or in respect of, a
	particular period of time, being one of:
	Pending, Confirmed, Cancelled,
	Secured Active, Active, Secured
	Inactive or Inactive.
Regulatory Alliance	means that the necessary regulatory
	relationships exists between Market
	Participants, as defined in the
	Switching Data Management
	Switching Data Management



	Schedule.
Rejected	means the Registration Service
	Request Status as described in
	Paragraph 1.3 of the Registration
	Services Schedule.
Related Entity	means, in relation to an individual:
	(a) any member of that individual's
	immediate family (including parent,
	partner and children);
	(b) any person in partnership with that
	individual or a member of that
	individual's immediate family;
	(c) any employer of that individual or
	a member of the individual's
	immediate family;
	(d) any Affiliate or Related
	Undertaking of such employer; and
	(e) any Related Undertaking of that
	individual or a member of that
	individual's immediate family.
Related Metering	means the relationship between a
Point Relationship	Primary Related Metering Point and a
	Secondary Related Metering Point.
Related Metering Points	means two or more related Metering
	Points as further described in the
	Related Metering Points Schedule.
Related Metering Points	means REC Schedule 28.
Schedule	
Related Undertaking	means, in relation to any person, any
	undertaking in which that person has
	a participating interest within the
	meaning of section 421A of the
	Financial Services and Markets Act
	2000.
Release Plan	means the document of that name
	published by the Code Manager in
	accordance with Paragraph 29.1 of
	the Change Management Schedule.
Relevant Costs	shall, for the purposes of the Unbilled
	Energy Code of Practice, have the
	meaning given in Paragraph 2.1(b) of
	that code of practice.
Relevant Interest Rate	means, for the period commencing:
	(a) from the due date up to and
	including fourteen (14) calendar days



	after the due date, the rate offered to leading banks in the London interbank market at or about 11.00 am on the date of a sterling advance for a one (1) month period, plus two percent (2%); and (b) after the period in Paragraph (a) above, the greater of: (i) six percent (6%); and (ii) the rate offered to leading banks in the London interbank market at or about 11.00 am on the date of a sterling advance for a one (1) month period, plus two percent (2%).
Relevant Offence	means an offence under (a) schedule 6 or schedule 7 to the Electricity Act; or (b) paragraphs 10 or 11 of Schedule 2B to the Gas Act.
Remittance Amount	means the amount calculated as such under Appendix 2 of the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.
Remittance Date	means the relevant date on which Green Deal Charges are due to be remitted, as determined under Appendix 2 of the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule.
Remittance Information	means the information contained in the Green Deal Arrangements Schedule for the purposes of bidirectional data flows between an Electricity Supplier and a Remittance Person.
Remittance Person	means a Green Deal Provider or a Nominee Remittance Person.
Replacement Supplier	means a Supplier appointed by means of a Last Resort Supply Direction.
Request for Change	means a proposal by a Switching Data Service Provider to make an Operational Switching Service Change.
Required Period of Notice	means, in respect of the Enquiry Services, three months; and in respect of all other REC Services,



		one month.
Resend		refers to the act of sending a Market Message again to its intended recipient after it may have not been successfully delivered or received.
Resolution of Consumer-		means REC Schedule 30.
Facing Switching and Billing Problems Schedule		
Resolution of duplicate RMPs		means the process set out in Section E of the Resolution of Consumer Switching and Billing Issues Schedule.
Responsible Sub-Committee		is described in Paragraph 2.2 of the Change Management Schedule
Responsible Person		for the purpose of any of the CoMCoP, means the occupier of the premises, or any person with authority for the time being, to take appropriate action in relation to any gas fitting therein. In situations where there is also a duty holder e.g. rented premises, the Landlord and their representative (managing agent) also attract 'Responsible Person' status and will also need to be informed of any unsafe situation identified and the risk classification applied.
Responsible Provider		means the organisation or body identified in the REC Baseline Statement as responsible for maintaining a Category 3 product, being either the Code Manager, REC Board, a Sub-Committee or REC Service Provider.
Retail Code Consolidation	RCC	means the consolidation of provisions from the MRA and the SPAA and certain provisions from other Energy Codes into this Code, at the time designated by the Authority under the Transition Schedule.
Retail Energy Code	REC	means this Code, including its Schedules and the Technical Specification, maintained pursuant to the electricity supply licences granted under the Electricity Act 1989 and the



Retail Energy Location	REL	gas supply licences granted under the Gas Act 1986, as such code is modified from time to time in accordance with its provisions. means a Location to which Energy is delivered via an RMP, and/or from which electricity is exported via an
Retail Energy Location (Welsh) Address	REL (W) Address	RMP. means, for RMPs in Wales, the Welsh-language version of the Retail Energy Location Address.
Retail Energy Location Address	REL Address	means the address (or other spatial reference) of each Retail Energy Location, as created and maintained by the CSS Provider. For RMPs in Wales, references to the Retail Energy Location Address include the REL (W) Address, unless the context requires otherwise.
Retail Energy Location Data	REL Data	means the dataset relating to premises address data to be developed by the CSS Provider using the Address Management Service.
Retail Risk		means a risk that retail energy consumer outcomes and the effectiveness of the retail market are measurably and significantly degraded by a failure by a REC Service User or REC Service Provider to meet the objectives, standards and core processes under this Code.
Retrospective Amendment Request		means a communication requesting the manual correction of errors to data in MPAS.
Revenue Protection Agent	RPA	means, for each Energy Supplier or Network Party, an internal or external provider of services related to Energy Theft.
Review of Gas Metering Arrangements	RGMA	means the Authority-led project which facilitated competition in metering by unbundling it from monopoly transportation businesses and producing, amongst other things, a baseline of standard processes and



		data flows.
Risk Management		means the determination made in
Determination		respect of each REC Service User
		and REC Service Provider, as
		described in the Performance
		Assurance Schedule.
Risk Register		means the register of applicable
Trior register		Retail Risks approved by the REC
		PAB, as described in the
		Performance Assurance Schedule.
DMD Lifequele Cohedule		
RMP Lifecycle Schedule		means REC Schedule 27.
RMP Record		means, for each RMP, the Data Items
		recorded for that RMP for each and
		every category of Data Items relating
		to RMPs, as further described in the
		Data Specification.
RMP Status		means the status of an RMP, which
		can be Created, Operational,
		Dormant or Terminated.
Rules of Procedure		means a document which together
		with the REC PAB Terms of
		Reference set out the REC PAB's
		procedures in respect of certain
		matters to be determined by it.
Safe Isolation Provider	SIP	means a Meter Operator Agent which
		has been (and remains) accepted as
		a Safe Isolation Provider in
		accordance with paragraph 9 of the
		Metering Accreditation Schedule.
Safe Isolation Provider Works	SIP Works	means work which a Safe Isolation
Care isolation i rovider works	OII WOIKS	Provider is permitted to undertake
		under and in accordance with the
		Distribution Connection and Use of
Osfa Isalatian Dussidan	OID ANII	System Agreement.
Safe Isolation Provider	SIP ANI	means additional needs information
Additional Needs Information		concerning the occupier of a
		premises identified by the SIP
		regarding either "medical dependent
		electricity needs" or the "presence of
		a third-party is required" while the SIP
		carries out SIP Works.
Sales		means a transaction which involves a
		Domestic Consumer (or any member
		of their household) paying a sum of
		money to any person in respect of the



Sanction Notice		provision of goods or services, or entering into a contract to pay a sum of money to any person in respect of the provision of goods or services. means the notice as provided to the
Sanction Notice		Code Manager under the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Sandbox Applicant		means the applicant who has made a Sandbox Application and whose identity is set out in the relevant Sandbox Application.
Sandbox Application		means a written request for a derogation from this Code, made to the REC PAB in accordance with the Paragraph 10 of the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Sandbox Register		means a register for the purposes of assisting the REC PAB in the operation and recording of Sandbox Applications from initial requests made by a Sandbox Applicant through to completion of successful Sandbox Applications.
Sandbox Report		means a report compiled by the Code Manager pursuant to Paragraph 10 of the Performance Assurance Schedule in order to inform the REC PAB's determination whether to accept or reject the Sandbox Application.
Scheduled Maintenance		means planned changes to the relevant service which require the service to be unavailable for a period of time.
Secure Data Exchange Portal	SDEP	means the portal of that name which forms part of the Secure Data Exchange Service.
SDEP User		means an entity that is entitled to use the Secure Data Exchange Portal in accordance with the Secure Data Exchange Schedule.
SDES Data		means any transient, stored or other data on the SDES, including any and all data provided by, sent to or entered onto the SDES by the users of the SDES.



SDES Provider		means the provider of the SDES contracted by RECCo.
SDES User		means an entity that is entitled to use the SDES in accordance with the Secure Data Exchange Schedule.
Sealing Pliers		means hand or power operated devices used for crimping "Specified Seals" onto Wire Rope to meet the CoMCoP requirements.
Secondary Related Metering Point		means a Related Metering Point which is not the Primary Related Metering Point. This concept relates only to electricity and is described further in the Related Metering Points Schedule.
Secure Data Exchange Schedule		means REC Schedule 17.
Secure Data Exchange Service	SDES	means the service described in the SDES Service Definition.
Secure Repository		a secure storage facility provided by the CDSP on behalf of Gas Transporters for the storage of the Consumer Contact Data to include the functionality required by Paragraph 5 of the Transfer of Consumer Data Schedule.
Secured Active		means the Registration Status as described in Paragraph 1.4 of the Registration Services Schedule
Secured Inactive		means the Registration Status as described in Paragraph 1.4 of the Registration Services Schedule
Security Seal		means a seal which meets the CoMCoP requirements.
Self-Assessment Form		means the self-assessment form required as part of Entry Assessment, as described in Paragraph 4 of the Qualification and Maintenance Schedule.
Self-Governance Change		means a Change Proposal which is not an Authority-Approved Change.
Senior Responsible Officer	SRO	relates to the management of CSS security certificates, and has the meaning given in the Central Switching Service Schedule.



Service Availability		means the Service Availability requirements set out in the relevant Service Definition.
Service Definition		means each document of that name forming part of the Technical Specification.
Service Levels		means the same as Performance Levels.
Service Provider Test Phase		means each phase of testing set out by a REC Service Provider in a Service Provider Test Plan.
Service Provider Test Plan		has the meaning given to that expression in Paragraph 27.1 of the Change Management Schedule.
Services Data		means the Intellectual Property Rights described in Clause 13 of the main body of this Code.
Settlement		means settlement under the relevant industry codes (the BSC for electricity and the UNC for gas).
Shared Supply Meter Point		has the meaning given in the UNC.
Shipper		means a person holding a Shipper Licence.
Shipper Licence		means a gas shipper licence under the Gas Act.
SI Provider		means the system integration function provided or procured by the DCC. The DCC shall be responsible for ensuring that the SI Provider complies with the obligations imposed on the SI Provider under this Code.
SI Requirements Document		means the document or documents designated as such by the Authority from time to time, as amended from time to time in accordance with the procedure for its amendment developed under the Switching Programme.
Significant Code Review	SCR	means a review of one or more matters by the Authority which the Authority considers is: (a) related to this Code (whether on its own or together with other Energy Code(s)); and (b) likely to be of significance in



		relation to the Authority's principal objective and/or general duties (as set out in section 3A of the Electricity Act and section 4AA of the Gas Act), statutory functions and/or relevant obligations arising under Law, and concerning which the Authority has issued a notice that the review will constitute a significant code review.
Significant Code Review Phase		means, in respect of each Significant Code Review, the period from the date on which the Authority issues the notice stating that the matter is to constitute a Significant Code Review or issues a backstop direction in accordance with Standard Condition 11B.10D of the Electricity Supply Licence and/or 11.10D of the Gas Supply Licence and ending at the applicable point as specified in Standard Condition 11B.10 and 11B.10A of the Electricity Supply Licence and/or 11.10 and 11.10A of the Gas Supply Licence.
Single Line Diagram		means a simplified notation for representing a three-phase power system that must show the locations of all circuits and the Metering Equipment Associated with a Site.
Site		unless stated otherwise means the area around which the Metering Point is located, in respect of the relevant meter(s) in relation to which a MEM has been appointed to perform meter operation services.
SPAA Transition Schedule		means REC Schedule 20, which was removed from the REC on the CSS Go-Live Date.
Specified Seal		means a seal which meets the CoMCoP requirements.
Smart Energy Code	SEC	means the code of that name maintained pursuant to the DCC Licence.
Smart Energy Code Party		means SEC Parties as defined under



		the Smart Energy Code.
Smart Meter		means a meter which conforms (or is
		intended to conform) with the
		SMETS.
Smart Meter Data Service	SMDS	means the data services provided by
		the DCC pursuant to the Smart
		Energy Code to manage the transfer
		of service requests and data between
		DCC and service users.
Smart Meter Data Service	SMDSP	means the DCC in its role as provider
Provider		of the Smart Meter Data Service.
Smart Meter Installation		means the auditor appointed under
Auditor		the CoMCoP to audit Energy
		Suppliers for compliance with Smart
		Meter related requirements of the
		CoMCoP.
Smart Meter Installation		means the specification of the
Consumer Survey		CoMCoP.
Specification		
Smart Meter Installation		means the former REC Schedule 16
Schedule		concerning smart meter installation,
		which has now been incorporated into
		the CoMCoP and references to
		'Smart Meter Installation Schedule'
		should read as references to the
		CoMCoP.
Smart Meter Installation		means a professional market
Survey Organisation		research agency, independent of the
		Supplier Member, who adheres to the
		Market Research Society (MRS)
		Code of Conduct.
Smart Metering Equipment	SMETS	means the Smart Metering Equipment
Technical Specifications		Technical Specifications set out in the
·		Smart Energy Code.
Smart Metering	SMIP	means the government's programme
Implementation Programme		for delivery of smart metering in Great
-		Britain.
Smart Metering Installation	SMICoP	means the smart meter installation
Code of Practice		code of practice that members were
		expected to follow in relation to
		consumer facing aspects of the
		installation of Smart Metering
		Systems, prior to its replacement by
		the Smart Meter Installation Schedule
		as part of Retail Code Consolidation.



Smart Metering System	SMS	has the meaning given to that expression in the Energy Supply Licences.
Standard Change		has the meaning given in Paragraph 8.8(a) of the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Standard Settlement Configuration	SSC	has the meaning given to that expression in the BSC.
Standard Transaction Data Items		means the standard transactions data items for gas Prepayment Meters (excluding Smart Meters), as described in Paragraph 8 of the Prepayment Arrangements Schedule.
Standstill Period		means the period of time following the Supply Effective From Date for an RMP during which a further Proposed Supply Effective From Date cannot validly be requested in a Registration Service Request, being: (a) in the case of an RMP with a DCC-Enrolled Smart Meter, five days; and (b) in the case of an RMP without a DCC-Enrolled Smart Meter, five days (save that no Standstill Period shall apply for Switch Requests resulting from Erroneous Switches).
Steady State Commencement Date		means 00:01 hours on 31 October 2022, the time and date designated by the Authority when all exit criteria were met and handover to steady state governance had taken place.
Sub-Committee		means a sub-committee of the REC Board established from time to time in accordance with Clause 5 of the main body of this Code.
Subject Matter Expert(s)	SME(s)	means the individual(s) or organisation(s) contracted by RECCo and selected by the Code Manager for the purposes of analysing Change Proposals.
Submitted		means the Registration Service Request Status as described in Paragraph 1.3 of the Registration Services Schedule.

87



Supplier Agent		means a Data Aggregator, a Data Collector or a Metering Equipment Manager.
Supplier Exempt Supply Meter Point		means a Supply Meter Point supplied by a supplier which benefits from a supply licence exemption under the Gas Act.
Supplier Meter Registration Agent	SMRA	means the provider of the Supplier Meter Registration Service provided pursuant to the BSC.
Supplier Meter Registration Service		means the service of that name provided pursuant to the BSC.
Supplier of Last Resort Process	SoLR Process	means the process of appointing a Replacement Supplier, as defined in the Energy Supply Licence.
Supplier Serviced Metering Asset		means Metering Assets which include a Smart Meter from which the Electricity Supplier obtains half hourly data either directly or using a service provider other than the Data Collector.
Supplier Volume Allocation	SVA	has the meaning given to it under the BSC.
Supply Effective From Date		is the first day from which an Energy Supplier is to become (or became) the Registered Supplier for an RMP.
Supply Effective Through Date		is the last day on which an Energy Supplier is due to be (or was) the Registered Supplier for an RMP.
Supply Meter Point		means the point at which a gas service enters a Location, as further described in the UNC.
Supply Number		has the meaning given in the Data Specification.
Supply Point Administration Agreement	SPAA	means the Supply Point Administration Agreement, as defined in the Gas Supply Licence prior to its replacement by this Code as part of Retail Code Consolidation.
Switch		means a change to the Registered Supplier for an RMP.
Switch Meter Reading		means the meter reading at the time of a Switch, as determined under the BSC or the UNC (as applicable).
Switch Request		means a request from a Gaining



	Supplier to initiate a Switch.
Switching Arrangements	means the Systems and processes used by the Switching Data Service Providers in relation to the Address Management Service and the Registration Service.
Switching Change Advisory Board	means the group responsible for the review and approval of Operational Switching Service Changes. This is separate from the code bodies that would approve changes to Energy Codes.
Switching Data Management Schedule	means REC Schedule 24.
Switching Data Service Providers	means the CSS Provider, the SMDSP (in respect of the services provided under the Smart Energy Code), the Enduring Change of Supplier Service Provider (in respect of the services provided under the Smart Energy Code), the Gas Retail Data Agent, the Electricity Retail Data Agents, and the Enquiry Service Providers.
Switching Data Services	means each of the Central Switching Service, the Gas Retail Data Service, the Electricity Retail Data Service, the Smart Meter Data Service, the Electricity Enquiry Service and the Gas Enquiry Service.
Switching Incident	means an issue that arises with a System or process forming part of the Switching Arrangements that has been working but is no longer working or is not working correctly.
Switching Operator	means the DCC in performing the role of managing the co-ordination of the CSS Provider and the other Switching Data Service Providers, including the mechanisms for Users to report incidents and access service management support, from the CSS Go-Live Date.
Switching Operation Data	means the data described in Paragraph 4 of the Switching Data Management Schedule



Switching Operation Service	means the data described in Paragraph 4 of the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Switching Operator Service	means the services performed by the Switching Operator pursuant to REC Schedule 26: Switching Service Management
Switching Operator Service User	means the organisations who are able to utilise the Switching Operator Service as set out in Paragraph 2 of the Switching Operator Service Definition and in accordance with the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Switching Parameter Data	has the meaning given in the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Switching Parties	means each CSS User, each Switching Data Service Provider and each Enquiry Service User.
Switching Portal	means the online portal made available by the Switching Operator in accordance with the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Switching Portal Data	means the data accessed via the Switching Portal.
Switching Portal User	means an individual who is authorised to use the Switching Portal, as further described in the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Switching Problem	means the underlying cause of one or more Switching Incidents.
Switching Problem Record	means the record held on the Switching Service Management System relating to an individual Switching Problem.
Switching Programme	means the programme established by the Authority to implement new switching arrangements in retail energy markets.
Switching Reference Data	has the meaning given in the Switching Data Management Schedule.
Switching Service Desk	means the service desk made



		available by the Switching Operator in accordance with the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Switching Service Management		means the function in place to ensure co-operation and co-ordination between the Market Participants and Switching Data Service Providers, as further described in the Switching Service Management Schedule.
Switching Service Management Schedule		Means REC Schedule 26.
Switching Service Management System		means the central system maintained by the Switching Operator in accordance with the Switching Service Management Schedule that is used to log, action, route and manage resolution of Switching Incidents and Switching Service Requests.
Switching Service Request		means a request for a service or a query for information in respect of the Switching Arrangements (but excluding the raising of Switching Incidents or requests required under this Code to be sent by means of a Market Message).
Synchronisation Message		means a type of Market Message, as described in the Switching Data Management Schedule.
System		means a system for generating, sending, receiving, storing (including for the purposes of back-up), manipulating or otherwise processing electronic communications, including all hardware, software, firmware and data associated with such activities.
Systems Integration Testing	SIT	means the testing described in Paragraph 4.16 of the Transition Schedule.
Table of Performance Charges		means the table of Performance Charges approved and published by the REC PAB under Annex B of the Performance Assurance Schedule.
Tariff Code		means a code determined by the Gas Supplier in order to direct how much a Consumer is charged for set units of



		gas, such code as is maintained by the PPMIP.
Tariff Page		means eleven (11) Tariff Codes grouped together and allocated by the PPMIP to a Gas Supplier.
TDIS Qualifying Supplier		means. for each TDIS Reporting Year, an Energy Supplier who has been active in the market throughout the whole of the TDIS Reporting Year (subject to any adjustments under Paragraph 3 of Annex 3 of the Theft Reduction Schedule). For this purpose, active throughout means that the Energy Supplier had at least one Active Registration throughout the whole TDIS Reporting Year.
TDIS Reporting Timeframe		means the document of that name described in Paragraph 7 of Annex 3 of the Theft Reduction Schedule.
TDIS Reporting Year		means, unless otherwise agree by the REC PAB for any given period, 1 April to 31 March.
TDIS Reporting Year Summary Report		means a document of that name to be issued by the Code Manager to each TDIS Qualifying Supplier and to the REC PAB in accordance with the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule, Annex 3
Technical Assurance Agent	TAA	means the BSC Agent appointed to provide certain technical assurance of metering accordance with Section L of the BSC and BSC Procedure 27: Technical Assurance of Half-Hourly metering systems for settlement purposes.
Technical Contact	TC	relates to the management of CSS security certificates, and has the meaning given in the Central Switching Service Schedule.
Technical Specification		means one or more documents forming part of the REC Baseline, that may be produced by the Code Manager and / or relevant REC Service Provider to assist in the testing of future system releases.



Terminated	means the RMP Status indicating that
Tommatod	an RMP is: (a) in the case of gas
	RMPs, no longer capable of offtaking
	gas; or (b) in the case of electricity
	RMPs, disconnected.
Test Data	means data to be used for testing
Test Data	
	purposes during:
	a) a Test Phase, as further described
	in the relevant Test Plan for that Test
	Phase; or
	b) a Service Provider Test Phase, as
	further described in the relevant
	Service Provider Test Plan.
Test Environments	means the testing environments as
	described in the E2E Testing Plan.
Test Phase	has the meaning given to that
	expression in Paragraph 4.1 of the
	Transition Schedule.
Test Plan	has the meaning given in Paragraph
1 ost i lan	4.3 of the Transition Schedule.
Test Tools	means the testing tools and
Test Tools	simulators as described in the E2E
T .:	Testing Plan.
Testing Artefacts	means the artefacts to be made
	available by the SI Provider for testing
	and issue resolution purposes as
	further described in the SI
	Requirements Document.
Testing Participant	means, in respect of each Test
	Phase, the CSS Users required to
	participate in that Test Phase, or
	eligible to participate in that Test
	Phase and which elect to do so, as (in
	each case) further described in the
	Test Plan for that Test Phase.
Testing Specifications	means one or more documents
	forming part of the REC Baseline, that
	may be produced by the Code
	Manager and/or relevant REC
	Service Provider to assist in the
TI GA	testing of future system releases.
Theft Assessment Calculator	means a calculation tool established
	and maintained by the REC Board for
	Parties to use in order to determine
	the amount of Energy that may have



		been stolen at an individual premises
That Datastian Inconting	TDIC	at which Energy Theft is discovered.
Theft Detection Incentive Scheme	TDIS	is described in Annex 3 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Theft Detection Value		has the meaning given in Paragraph 4 of Annex 3 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Theft Estimation Methodology		is a methodology for determining a robust estimate of the aggregate amount of Energy Theft taking place in Great Britain, established and maintained by the REC Board under Paragraph 6 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Theft in Conveyance		means: (a) in the case of gas, taking a supply of gas in the course of conveyance within the meaning given by Condition 7 (Provision of Information Relating to Gas Illegally Taken) of the Gas Transporter Licences; and (b) in the case of electricity, "Relevant Theft of Electricity" as defined in the Electricity Distribution Licences.
Theft Reduction Strategy		means a strategy designed to support Energy Suppliers in minimising Energy Theft, established and maintained by the REC Board under Paragraph 2 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Theft Risk Assessment Service	TRAS	is described in Annex 2 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Theft Target		means the target number of Confirmed Energy Thefts to be identified by each Energy Supplier, to be determined in accordance with Paragraph 3 of Annex 3 of the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Theft Target Methodology		is a methodology for determining Theft Targets, established and maintained by the Code Manager under Paragraph 7 the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Third Party Intermediary	TPI	means a broker or introducer acting between Consumers and Energy



		Suppliers, including Price
		Comparison Websites.
Third Party Intermediary		means an organisation that provides
Service Provider		services to a Third Party Intermediary
		solely to facilitate Consumer
		Switching
Third Party IPR		means CRS Services IPR which is
		not owned by the DCC.
Time Pattern Regime	TPR	has the meaning given to that
•		expression in the BSC.
TLS Certificate		means a security certificate required
		in accordance with the CSS Schedule
		to secure either end of the network
		connection to ensure the transfer of
		Market Messages across the
		communication channel is via a
Total Dakt Outstanding		secure encrypted channel.
Total Debt Outstanding		means, in respect of a Switch, the
		total amount of debt owed by the
		Consumer to the Losing Supplier in
		respect of the gas or electricity supply
		(as relevant to the Switch, and
		including Green Deal Charges where
		applicable) at the time of the Switch.
Total Quarterly Plans		has the meaning given in Paragraph
		22 of the Green Deal Arrangements
		Schedule.
Traditional Meter		means a Meter which is not a Smart
		Meter.
Transaction Routing Flag	TRF	is used to resolve instances where
		multiple Meter Serial Numbers exist
		for a single entry on the Electricity
		Prepayment Supplier File, as further
		described in the EES Service
		Definition.
Transfer of Consumer Data		means REC Schedule 13.
Schedule		modificities of the first state
Transition Schedule	+	means REC Schedule 2.
Transporter Initiated		means an Initial Registration Request
Registration		submitted by the Gas Retail Data
		Agent under Paragraph 4 of the
		Registration Services Schedule.
TRAS Service Provider		means the person or persons who
		may be appointed by RECCo Ltd
		from time to time for the provision of a



		Theft Risk Assessment Service, in
		accordance with the Energy Theft Reduction Schedule.
Turinatus am Matau Dainta		
Twinstream Meter Points		has the meaning given to it in the UNC
Unallocatable Prepayment		means the process by which the
Allocation Run		value of Unallocated Transactions is
		periodically paid to Energy Suppliers,
		as described in Paragraph 10 of the
		Prepayment Arrangements Schedule.
Unallocatable Transaction		means, in respect of each refreshed
		Backstop Date, an Unallocated
		Transaction which remains an
		Unallocated Transaction and which
		has a transaction date which occurred
		before such Backstop Date.
Unallocatable Values		means the value of Unallocatable
		Transactions which is to be
		distributed to each Energy
		Supplier via an Unallocatable
		Prepayment Allocation Run.
Unallocated Tariff Page		means, at any time, a Tariff Page that
· ·		is not at that time allocated by the
		PPMIP to a Gas Supplier.
Unallocated Transaction		means a Prepayment Meter
		transaction for which the correct
		Energy Supplier cannot be identified
		by the PPMIP.
Unbilled Energy Code of		means REC Schedule 8.
Practice		
Uniform Network Code	UNC	means the Uniform Network Code
		established under the Gas
		Transporter Licences.
Unique Property Reference		means the number by which a
Number		property is identified in the GB
		Standardised Address List.
Unique Transaction Reference	UTRN	means the twenty (20) digit code
Number		found on a pre-payment top up
		receipt that Consumers can use to
		manually add credit onto their meter.
Unmetered Supplies Operator	UMSO	has the meaning given in the
		Balancing and Settlement Code.
Unmetered Supply		has the meaning given in the
		Balancing and Settlement Code.
Unmetered Supply Certificate		has the meaning given in the



	Balancing and Settlement Code.
Unregistered Consumer	means a person occupying an
	Unregistered Site.
Unregistered Site	for the purpose of the Unbilled Energy
	Code of Practice, means:
	(a) a Premises for which there is a
	gas Supply Meter Point within the
	Gas Retail Date Service that has
	never been registered by a Shipper;
	(b) a Premises for which the Shipper
	has submitted an Effective Supply
	Point Withdrawal, but a supply meter
	is still connected, and gas is still
	capable of flowing; or
	(c) a Premises at which electricity is
	being (or has been) consumed
	outside of the normal Energy Supplier
	registration process (sometimes
	referred to as "untraded").
Unused Tariff Code	means, at any time, a Tariff Code that
	has not during the 30 days preceding
	that time been used by a Gas
	Supplier for the purpose of any tariff.
Unused Tariff Page	means, at any time, a Tariff Page that
	is allocated to a Gas Supplier but
	which has not during the 30 days
	preceding that time been used by the
	Gas Supplier for the purpose of any
	tariff.
Update	means a type of Market Message, as
	described in the Switching Data
	Management Schedule.
Urgent Change Proposal	means a Change Proposal that
	should be treated as urgent in
	accordance with on the criteria for
	urgency published by the Authority
	from time to time.
Urgent Issue	means an Issue that should be
	treated as urgent in accordance with
	on the criteria for urgency published
	by the Authority from time to time.
User	means each CSS User and
	each Switching Data Service Provider
	(other than the CSS Provider).
User Entry Process Testing	means the user entry process testing



		which prospective CSS Users must undertake before they can use the Central Switching Service, as described in the E2E Testing Plan.
User Integration Testing	UIT	means the testing described in Paragraph 4.19 of the Transition Schedule.
UTRN Contact		means the communication between a Gaining Supplier and a Losing Supplier requesting and/or providing a Fixed Balance UTRN.
Validated		means the Registration Service Request Status as described in paragraph 1.3 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Validation		means the tests required to be undertaken in respect of a Submitted Registration Service Request, as described in the Registration Services Schedule.
Value		means, in respect of stolen Energy, the amount which could reasonably be expected to have been payable for the Energy had it been supplied under a deemed supply contract.
Virtual Lead Party	VLP	has meaning given to it under the BSC.
Voluntary		means, in respect of a REC Schedule and a Party Category, that the REC Schedule is not legally binding on Parties in that Party Category, as further described in Clause 4 of the main body of this Code.
Voluntary Green Deal Supplier		means an Electricity Supplier which has become a Green Deal User, but which is not a Mandatory Green Deal Supplier.
Vulnerable		means a Domestic Consumer who, due to their Personal Characteristics or Circumstance, or otherwise being in a vulnerable situation, may require Priority Services or additional support. In which context, Personal Characteristics or Circumstance include:



		(a) the Domestic Consumer being of Pensionable Age; or (b) the Domestic Consumer being chronically sick, or having an impairment, disability, long term medical condition (including a visual, auditory, literacy or mobility impairment), or severe financial insecurity (such that they are unable to safeguard their personal welfare or the personal welfare or other members of the household).
		"Vulnerable Consumer", "Vulnerability", "Vulnerable Situation" and other cognate expressions shall be construed accordingly.
Warrant		means, an authority to enter a Premises as granted under the Rights of Entry (Gas and Electricity Boards) Act 1954 and pursuant to Schedule 2B of the Gas Act or Schedule 6 of the Electricity Act.
Wide Area Network	WAN	means the communications network used by the DCC to communicate with the Communications Hub.
Wire Rope		means a wire that meets CoMCoP requirements.
Withdrawal Date		means the time and date on which a Party wishes to withdraw from this Code, as specified in its Withdrawal Notice.
Withdrawal Notice		means a notice given by a Party in accordance with Paragraph 3 of the Market Exit and Supplier of Last Resort Schedule indicating that Party's wish to withdraw from this Code.
Withdrawal Request		means a Registration Service Request from the Gaining Supplier to terminate the progress of its proposed Registration in accordance with Paragraph 9 of the Registration Services Schedule.
Withdrawn		means that a proposed Registration



		has been withdrawn pursuant to a Withdrawal Request.
Working Day	WD	means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday or a day that is a bank holiday in either or both England and Wales within the meaning of the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971.
Working Hours		means between 09:00 and 17:00 each Working Day.